

**M. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - MARCH 2026****SEMESTER 4 : MATHEMATICS****COURSE : 24P4MATT18EL : PROBABILITY THEORY***(For Regular 2024 Admission)*

Time : Three Hours

Max. Weights: 30

**PART A****Answer any 8 questions****Weight: 1**

1. A die is rolled twice. Let all the elementary events in  $\Omega = (i, j) : i, j = 1, 2, \dots, 6$  be assigned the same probability. Let A be the event that the first throw shows a number  $\leq 2$ , and B be the event that the second throw shows atleast 5. Find  $P(A \cup B)$ . (A)
2. State Cauchy Schwartz inequality and Minkowski's inequality. (U)
3. A fair coin is tossed three times. Let A be the event that atleast one head shows up in three rows. Find  $P(A)$ . (A)
4. Define moments of a random variable. (R)
5. Does  $F(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \tan^{-1}(x), -\infty < x < \infty$  define a DF? (A)
6. Let  $(X, Y)$  be a rv with joint pdf given by  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x+y)}, & x > 0, y > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ . Find  $F(x, y)$ . (A)
7. State WLLN and SLLN. (U)
8. Let X be any rv. Show that  $P(X = a) = \lim_{t \rightarrow a, t < a} P(t < X \leq a)$ . (A)
9. Define almost sure convergence. (R)
10. Define mutually or completely independent rv's. (R)

**(1 x 8 = 8)****PART B****Answer any 6 questions****Weights: 2**

11. State Khinchin's theorem. Examine if WLLN holds for the  $\{X_n\}$  of iid rv's with  $P(X_i = (-1)^{k-1}k) = \frac{6}{\pi^2 k^2}, k = 1, 2, 3, \dots, i = 1, 2, 3, \dots$  (A)
12. Let  $\{A_n\}$  be a non increasing sequence of events in S. Then prove that  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} P(A_n) = P(\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} A_n) = P(\bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n)$ . (A)
13. Suppose that  $P(X \geq x)$  is given for a rv X of the continuous type for all x. How will you find the corresponding density function? In particular, find the density function if  $P(X \geq x) = \begin{cases} 1, & x < 0 \\ (1 + \frac{x}{\lambda})^{-\lambda}, & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$  where  $\lambda > 0$  is a constant. (A)
14. Let X be a rv with pdf  $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ . Let  $T = \{\frac{1}{3} < x \leq \frac{1}{2}\}$ . Find the truncated pdf wrt T, its mean and its variance. (A)
15. Suppose that the rv  $(X, Y)$  is uniformly distributed over the region  $R = \{(x, y) : 0 < x < y < 1\}$ . Find the  $cov(X, Y)$ . (A)
16. State and prove total probability rule. (A)
17. Let  $(X_n, X)$  has joint pmf  $P(X_n = 0, X = 0) = 0, P(X_n = 1, X = 0) = \frac{1}{2}, P(X_n = 0, X = 1) = \frac{1}{2}, P(X_n = 1, X = 1) = 0$ . (An)  
Then show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{P} X$  but  $X_n \not\xrightarrow{L} X$ .
18. Define MGF. Let X have pdf  $f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} e^{-\frac{x}{2}}, & x > 0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$ . The find the MGF of X. (An)

**(2 x 6 = 12)****PART C****Answer any 2 questions****Weights: 5**

19. Let  $h(X)$  be a non negative Borel measurable function of a rv X. If  $E(h(X))$  exists, then show that for every  $\epsilon > 0, P(h(X) \geq \epsilon) \leq \frac{E(h(X))}{\epsilon}$ . (An)

20. a) Let  $X_n \xrightarrow{r} X$  for some  $r > 0$ . Then show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{P} X$ .  
 b) Let  $\{X_n\}$  be a sequence of random variables with pmf  $P(X_n = 0) = 1 - \frac{1}{n^r}$  and  $P(X_n = n) = \frac{1}{n^r}, r > 0, n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ . Show that  $X_n \xrightarrow{r} 0$  but  $X_n \not\xrightarrow{P} 0$ . (A)
21. Show that the function defined by  $f(x, y, z, u) = \frac{24}{(1+x+y+z+u)^5}, x > 0, y > 0, z > 0, u > 0$ , and  $= 0$ , otherwise is a joint pdf. Also find  $P(X > Y > Z > U)$ . (A)
22. a) State and prove Bayes theorem.  
 b) In answering a question on a multiple choice test, a candidate either knows the answer with probability  $p, (0 \leq p < 1)$  or does not know the answer with probability  $1 - p$ . If he knows the answer, he puts down the correct answer with probability 0.99, whereas if he guesses, the probability of his putting down the correct result is  $\frac{1}{k}$  ( $k$  choices to the answer). Find the conditional probability that the candidate knew the answer to a question, given that he has made the correct answer. Show that this probability tends to 1 as  $k \rightarrow \infty$ . (An)

(5 x 2 = 10)

OBE: Questions to Course Outcome Mapping

CO	Course Outcome Description	CL	Questions	Total Wt.
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Cognitive Level (CL): Cr - CREATE; E - EVALUATE; An - ANALYZE; A - APPLY; U - UNDERSTAND; R - REMEMBER;