

B.Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - MARCH 2026**SEMESTER 6 : MATHEMATICS****COURSE : 19U6CRMAT11 - LINEAR ALGEBRA AND GRAPH THEORY***(For Regular - 2023 Admission and Supplementary 2022/2021/2020/2019 Admissions)*

Time : Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART A**Answer any 10 (2 marks each)**

1. Define linearly dependent and linearly independent set of vectors in a vectorspace.
2. Determine whether the transformation $T: \mathbf{V} \rightarrow \mathbf{W}$ defined by $T(v) = 0$ for all vectors v in \mathbf{V} is linear.
3. Define linear combination in a vectorspace.
4. Prove that if A and B are similar then A^T and B^T are similar.
5. Draw the graph corresponding to the adjacency matrix.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. Explain M augmenting path with an example
7. Explain the travelling salesman's problem
8. Prove that if A and B are similar then A^2 and B^2 are similar.
9. What is the maximum number of vertices on a graph that has 35 edges and every vertex has degree ≥ 3 ?
10. State and prove first theorem on graph theory.
11. Determine which of the following sets are spanning sets for \mathbf{R}^2 , considered as column matrices:

$$(a) \mathcal{S}_1 = \left\{ e_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, e_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$(b) \mathcal{S}_2 = \left\{ e_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, e_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, f_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

$$(c) \mathcal{S}_3 = \left\{ f_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, f_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

12. Explain the Chinese postman problem.

(2 x 10 = 20)**PART B****Answer any 5 (5 marks each)**

13. Let α be a scalar and \mathbf{u} a vector in a vector space V .
If a $\alpha \odot \mathbf{0} = \mathbf{0}$, then either $\alpha = 0$ or $\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0}$.

14. Let v be a vertex of a connected graph G . Then prove that v is a cut vertex of G if and only if there are two vertices u and w different from v , such that v is on every $u - w$ path
15. a) Draw K_5 and mark a maximum matching in the graph
b) Draw all trees with 6 vertices
c) Is K_n Eulerian
16. Determine whether the transformation L is linear if $L: P_3 \rightarrow P_2$ is defined by $L(a_3t^3 + a_2t^2 + a_1t + a_0) = 3a_3t^2 + 2a_2t + a_1$ where a_i ($i = 0,1,2,3$) denotes real number.
17. Find the matrix representation with respect to the standard basis in \mathbf{R}^2 and the standard basis $C = \{t^2, t, 1\}$ in P_2 for the linear transformation $T: \mathbf{R}^2 \rightarrow P_2$ defined by

$$T \begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \end{bmatrix} = 2at^2 + (a + b)t + 3b$$

18. a) Prove that it is impossible to have a group of nine people such that each one knows exactly five others in the group.
b) Draw a graph which is not Euler but having an Euler trail.
19. Prove that Every basis for a finite-dimensional vector space must contain the same number of vectors.
20. Let G be a k -regular graph, where k is an odd number. Prove that the number of edges in G is a multiple of k .

(5 x 5 = 25)

PART C

Answer any 3 (10 marks each)

21. State and prove Dirac theorem.
22. Let G be a graph with n vertices. Then prove that the following statements are equivalent
(a) G is a tree
(b) G is acyclic graph with $n - 1$ edges
(c) G is a connected graph with $n - 1$ edges
23. Prove that for any linear transformation T from an n -dimensional vector space V to W , sum of rank of T and nullity of T is n , the dimension of the domain.
24. Use row rank to determine whether the following sets are linearly independent or not.
a) $\{[1 \ 1 \ 0], [1 \ -1 \ 0]\}$.
b) $\{[1 \ 2 \ 3], [-3 \ -6 \ -9]\}$.
c) $\{[10 \ 20 \ 20], [10 \ -10 \ 10], [10 \ 20 \ 10]\}$.

(10 x 3 = 30)