

M. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - NOVEMBER 2025**SEMESTER 1 : MATHEMATICS****COURSE : 24P1MATT01 : LINEAR ALGEBRA***(For Regular - 2025 Admission and Improvement/Supplementary 2024 Admission)*

Time : Three Hours

Max. Weights: 30

PART A**Answer any 8 questions****Weight: 1**

1. Define annihilator of a subset S of a vector space V . What is the annihilator of $S = \{0\}$? (U)
2. Define sign of a permutation (R, CO 3)
3. Let D be a 2-linear function with the property that $D(A) = 0$ for all $n \times n$ matrices A over K having equal rows. Show that D is alternating. (A, CO 3)
4. Find three vectors in \mathbb{R}^3 which are linearly dependent, and are such that any two of them are linearly independent. (An, CO 1)
5. Define alternating n -linear function. (U, CO 3)
6. Define minimal polynomial for a linear operator T on a finite dimensional vector space V . State three properties which characterize the minimal polynomial. (U)
7. Is there a linear transformation T from R^3 into R^2 such that $T(1, -1, 1) = (1, 0)$ and $T(1, 1, 1) = (0, 1)$? Justify. (U)
8. Describe the range and null space of the differentiation transformation defined on the vector space of polynomials of degree less than or equal to n . (U)
9. If the characteristic polynomial of an operator is $x^4 - 2x^2 + 1$, what are the possible candidates for its minimal polynomial? Justify. (U)
10. Define a vector space. Is \mathbb{R} a vector space over \mathbb{C} ? (U, CO 1)
(1 x 8 = 8)

PART B**Answer any 6 questions****Weights: 2**

11. Let T be a linear operator on \mathbb{R}^2 defined by $T(1, 0) = (0, 1)$ and $T(0, 1) = (-1, 0)$. Find the subspace of R^2 which is invariant under T . (A)
12. Let V and W be finite-dimensional vector spaces over the field \mathbb{F} . Prove that V and W are isomorphic if and only if $\dim V = \dim W$ (A)
13. Let V be the vector space over the complex numbers of all functions from R into C , i.e., the space of all complex-valued functions on the real line. Let $f_1(x) = 1, f_2(x) = e^{ix}, f_3(x) = e^{-ix}$. Prove that f_1, f_2 and f_3 are linearly independent. (A, CO 1)
14. If A and B are $n \times n$ matrices over the field F , show that $\text{trace}(AB) = \text{trace}(BA)$. Hence show that similar matrices have the same trace. (A)
15. Let A be an $n \times n$ matrix over K . Prove that A is invertible over K if and only if $\det A$ is invertible over K . (A, CO 3)
16. Let V be a finite dimensional vector space over a field \mathbb{F} and T be a linear operator on V . Prove that T is triangulable if and only if the minimal polynomial for T is a product of linear polynomials over \mathbb{F} . (A)
17. Verify whether $D(A) = A_{11} + A_{22} + A_{33}$ is 3-linear. (A, CO 3)
18. Let V be a vector space which is spanned by a finite set of vectors β_1, \dots, β_m . Show that any independent set of vectors in V is finite and contains no more than m elements. (An, CO 1)

(2 x 6 = 12)

PART C
Answer any 2 questions

Weights: 5

19. Let $A = [a_{ij}] \in M_9(\mathbb{R})$ be defined by $a_{ij} = 1 \ \forall i, j$. Find the characteristic and minimal polynomials for A . (An)
20. Let m and n be positive integers and let F be a field. Suppose W is a subspace of F^n and $\dim W \leq m$. Show that there is precisely one $m \times n$ row reduced echelon matrix over F which has W as its row space. (An, CO 1)
21. (a) Find the determinant of A^{10} where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 0 & -1 & -25 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Justify your answer. (E, CO 3)
- (b) Show that a linear combination of n -linear functions is n -linear.
22. (a) Define rank and nullity of a linear transformation. (U)
- (b) Let V be finite dimensional and $T: V \rightarrow W$ be a linear transformation. Prove that $\text{Rank } T + \text{nullity } T = \dim V$.

(5 x 2 = 10)

OBE: Questions to Course Outcome Mapping

CO	Course Outcome Description	CL	Questions	Total Wt.
CO 1		A	4, 10, 13, 18, 20	11
CO 3		An	2, 3, 5, 15, 17, 21	12

Cognitive Level (CL): Cr - CREATE; E - EVALUATE; An - ANALYZE; A - APPLY; U - UNDERSTAND; R - REMEMBER;