

BA, B SC, B COM DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - APRIL 2025
UGP(HONS.) SEMESTER - 1: DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC COURSE
COURSE: 24UMATDSC112: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Duration – 2 hours

Max Marks – 70

PART-A

(Each question carries 2 marks. A maximum of 10 marks can be scored from this part.)

- 1 a) Calculate the number of arrangements of the word MISSISSIPPI. A, CO1
 b) Compute the number of ways can a team of 3 boys and 3 girls be selected from 5 boys and 4 girls.
- 2 A bag contains six white marbles and five red marbles. Compute the number of ways four marbles can be drawn from the bag if A, CO1
 a) two must be red and two must be white.
 b) they must all be of same colour.
- 3 Find the $g \circ f$, if $f: \mathbf{N} \rightarrow \mathbf{N}$ defined by $f(x) = 2x$ and $g: \mathbf{N} \rightarrow \mathbf{N}$ defined by $g(x) = x^2$. U, CO2
- 4 a) Discuss the function $f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ defined by $f(x) = 4x^4$ is bijective or not. U, CO2
 b) Find $\sum_{i=1}^3 \sum_{j=1}^4 ij$.
- 5 a) Explain path and trail of a graph with an example. A, CO3
 b) Give an example for a bipartite graph.
- 6 Obtain the graph if the adjacency matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Hence determine the incidence matrix. A, CO3
- 7 Explain planar graph with an example, then find the number of regions in your planar graph using the Euler's formula. A, CO4
- 8 Draw the spanning trees of a) $K_{1,6}$. A, CO4
 b) K_4 .

PART-B

(Each question carries 5 marks. A maximum of 30 marks can be scored from this part.)

- 9 Calculate the number of ways can a number greater than one million can be formed without repetition with the digits 4,6,6,0,3,6,3. A, CO1
- 10 Compute the bit strings of length eight either start with a 1 bit or end with the two bits 00? A, CO1
- 11 Define the greatest integer function and draw the graph of the function. U, CO2
- 12 For any sets A,B and C, show that $(A - B) - C = (A - C) - (B - C)$. U, CO2
- 13 Explain the following in a rooted tree G. A, CO3
 a) parent
 b) children
 c) siblings
 d) leaf
 e) ancestors
- 14 Illustrate between depth first search and breadth first search with an example. A, CO3
- 15 Suppose that a connected planar graph has 6 vertices, each of degree 4. Compute the number of regions is the plane divided by a planar representation of this graph. A, CO4

- A, CO4

PART-C

(Each question carries 15 marks. A maximum of 30 marks can be scored from this part.)

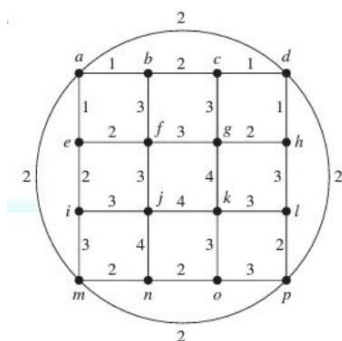
- A, CO1

a) If a and r are real numbers and $r \neq 0$, then show that $\sum_{j=0}^N ar^j = \begin{cases} \frac{ar^{n+1}-a}{r-1}, & \text{if } r \neq 1 \\ (n+1)a, & \text{if } r = 1 \end{cases}$

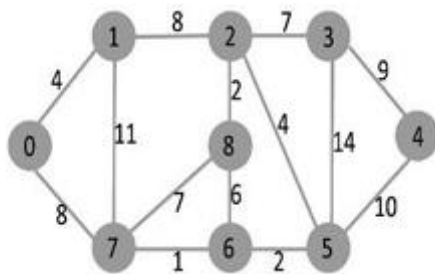
U, CO2

b) Show that $g \circ f$ is one to one and onto if $f: X \rightarrow Y, g: Y \rightarrow Z$ are both one to one and onto.

A, CO3



- A, CO4



OBE: Questions to Course Outcome Mapping

CO	Course Outcome Description	CL	Questions	Total Marks
CO1	Apply the basic concepts in combinatorial graph theory in science, business and industry.	A	1,2,9,10,17	29
CO2	Understand fundamental concepts in set theory, including set operations and functions.	U	3,4,11,12,18	29
CO3	Apply graph theoretical algorithms to solve problems in daily life.	A	5,6,13,14,19	29

CO4	Understand Euler's theorem to planar graphs and apply Dijkstra's algorithm to find the shortest path in weighted graphs.	A	7,8,15,16,20	29
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Cognitive Level (CL): A – Apply , An –Analyze , U –Understand , Cr – Create , R –Remember

