Reg. No

Name

BSc DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION- MARCH 2020

SEMESTER 6 : CHEMISTRY

COURSE : 15U6CRCHE13EL ; ADVANCES IN CHEMISTRY

(For Regular - 2017 Admission & Supplementary - 2016/2015 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Section A

Answer any 10 (1 marks each)

- 1. What are silicones?
- 2. What is FGE
- 3. Atom economy is
- 4. Why polymers made with aromatic monomers are used as High temperature and fire-resistant polymers?
- 5. Give an example of a red gas
- 6. method in computational chemistry is a mixing of theoretical and experimental methods.
- 7. The smallest basis sets are called
- 8. Give an example of molecular simulation software
- 9. The buffer system present in blood is
- 10. Name in general the two processes involved in the synthesis of nanomaterials.
- 11. Principle of Colorimetric estimation is
- 12. The basic unit in silicates is
- 13. Which are the starting materials used for the synthesis of silver nano particles?
- 14. Rb or Li which readily forms intercalation compound?

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

Section B Answer any 10 (2 marks each)

- 15. What are the problems associated with the burning of plastics?
- 16. What are the advantages of using vitamin C as a water purifying agent?
- 17. What do you mean by target in retrosynthetic analysis? Give an example
- 18. Explain the biocompatibility of biomaterials.
- 19. What are p-doped and n-doped conducting polymers?
- 20. Write a note on ab initio calculations
- 21. Explain bioenergetics.
- 22. Calculate the number of basis functions required to prepare the minimal basis set of water and methane. Justify your answer.
- 23. The total energy calculated for the same molecule by an HF and DFT method are different when the same basis set is used. Give reasons.
- 24. How do enzymes act as biological catalyst?
- 25. Discuss in detail about the applications of fullerenes.

- 26. What are the applications of nano composities?
- 27. Why graphite is suitable to give many intercalation compounds?
- 28. Fullerene does not exhibit super aromaticity. Explain

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

Section C Answer any 5 (5 marks each)

- 29. Explain the importance of molecular recognition in DNA
- 30. Give the retrosynthetic analysis of salbutamol
- 31. Explain in detail about biopolymers.
- 32. Explain the model chemistry calculations involving single point energy and geometry optimization of carbon dioxide molecule. Give the input and output files of the computational quantum chemistry calculation.
- 33. Explain in detail about the inhalation and exhalation processes in breathing.
- 34. Explain in detail how the formation of glucose-6-phosphate from glucose takes place spontaneously. Give the corresponding reactions.
- 35. Give the principle and procedure of the colorimetric estimation of iron.
- 36. Discuss in detail about the properties and applications of quantm dots.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

Section D Answer any 2 (10 marks each)

- 37. Explain the different types of secondary interactions in supramolecular chemistry with examples
- **38**. Compare and contrast different quantum mechanical and classical mechanical methods in computational chemistry.
- 39. a) What are refractory materials? Discuss the various compounds used as refractory materials, b) What are glasses? How it is manufactured? Give the different types of glasses. (5+5)
- 40. Explain in detail about any five methods for the synthesis of nanomaterials.

(10 x 2 = 20)