Reg. No .....

Name .....

### B. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION : MARCH 2024

#### **SEMESTER 6 : COMPUTER APPLICATION**

#### COURSE : 19U6CRCAP11 : COMPUTER GRAPHICS

(For Regular 2021 Admission and Supplementary 2020/2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours

# PART A

## Answer All (1 mark each)

- 1. Define the transformed coordinates of 2D scaling.
- 2. What are the three major adverse side effects of scan conversion?
- 3. Which color represents (1,1,1) in RGB color model ?
- 4. What is polygon?
- 5. Write the 2D rotation equation in the matrix form.
- 6. Which color represents (0,0,1) in RGB color model ?
- 7. Explain reflection.
- 8. Define the term ' centre of projection'
- 9. What is polygonal mesh?
- 10. Which type of perspective projection is used in drawings of railway lines?

(1 x 10 = 10)

## PART B Answer any 8 (2 marks each)

- 11. Explain pivot-point rotation.
- 12. Explain Color Display monitor.
- 13. Write the inequalities for the 2D line clipping.
- 14. Explain printer.
- 15. Define the term ' principal vanishing point'.
- 16. Explain polygon listing.
- 17. List the basic functions of depth-sorting methods.
- 18. Define Cabinet projection.
- 19. True or false: fluorescence is the term used to describe the light given off by a phosphor after it has been exposed to an electron beam. Explain your answer.
- 20. Define interlaced scannning method and its advantages.

(2 x 8 = 16)

## PART C Answer any 5 (5 marks each)

- 21. Explain scan converting a line.
- 22. Explain Z-Buffer method.
- 23. How to represent a polygon surface with six edges an five vertices using geometric data table?
- 24. Explain the transformation sequence when a 3D object is to be rotated about an axes that is parallel to one of the co-ordinate axes.
- 25. Differentiate Sutherland Hodgeman polygon clipping and Werler Atherton polygon clipping.

Max. Marks: 75

- 26. Explain general pivot point rotation.
- 27. Explain scan converting an ellipse.

(5 x 5 = 25)

## PART D

## Answer any 2 (12 marks each)

- 28. Consider a triangle at (2,2), (10,2), (2,10). Perform the following 2D transformations in succession and find the resultant vertices.
  a) Scale with respect to (2,2) by scaling factors (2, 2) respectively along x and y directions.
  b) Rotate by 90<sup>0</sup> counter clockwise direction.
  c) Reflect about x axis.
- 29. Explain painters algorithm.
- 30. Explain composite transformation. Explain any two with example and diagram.
- 31. Prove that the multiplication of 3D transformation matrices for each of the following sequence of operation is commutative.
  - a) Any two successive translation.
  - b) Any two scaling operation.
  - c) Any two successive rotation about any one of the co-ordinate axes.

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$