$\qquad$ Name

# B.B.A DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION : NOVEMBER 2023 <br> SEMESTER 1 : INTEGRATED MARKETING AND NEW MEDIA COURSE : 19U1CRBBA2 : BUSINESS ACCOUNTING 

(For Regular 2023 Admission and Improvement/Supplementary 2022/2021/2020 Admissions)
Time : Three Hours
Max. Marks: 60

## PART A

## Answer All (1 mark each)

1. What is a liability?
2. What is an opening entry?
3. What is the need for preparing $B / P$ Account?
4. What is $B / R$ Account?
5. Explain the accounting treatment of commission received in advance given in thr trial balance.
6. What is asset?
7. Define Accounting.
8. What is a Real Account? Give an Example.
$(1 \times 8=8)$
PART B
Answer any 6 (2 marks each)
9. What is a Trial Balance?
10. What do you mean by final accounts?
11. What is a statement of profit/loss?
12. Explain the accounting treatment of outstanding expenses
13. What do you mean by revenue?
14. Calculate gross profit from the following

Opening Stock ₹20000, Purchases ₹75000, Sales ₹125000, Wages ₹5000, Sales Return ₹6000, Purchases Return ₹5000,Carriage ₹2000,Closing Stock ₹15000
15. What is Dual Aspect Concept?
16. Calculate Profit:

Opening Capital 125000, Closing Capital160000, Drawings 25000, Additional Capital 25000
( $2 \times 6=12$ )

## PART C

Answer any 4 (5 marks each)
17. Explain different kinds of accounts with appropriate examples. Also state golden rules of accounting applicable to these accounts.
18. What are the differences between double entry and single entry?
19. What are the differences between Statement of Affairs and Balance Sheet?
20. Explain the advantages and disadvantages of trial balance
21. From the following information prepare trial balance of Mr. Jose as on 31/12/2017

Opening stock 17000, Sales 128000, Purchases 96000, Carriage 5000, salary 16000, Discount 800, Postage 200, Advertisements 4000, Capital 50000, drawings 10000, Commission received 6000, Interest Received 4000 Purchase Return 4000, Sales Return 9000 Insurance 4000, depreciation 6000, Plant and Machinery 90000, Debtors 20000, Creditors30000, Loan 50000.
22. Explain the relevance of Going Concern principle in accounting. State the accounts maintained according to this principle
( $5 \times 4=20$ )
PART D
Answer any 2 ( 10 marks each)
23. Explain various concepts and conventions of Accounting
24. Following are the balances of accounts obtained from the books of Mr. Rohan for the year ended $31 / 12 / 2016$

|  | $₹$ | Particulars | $₹$ |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Particulars |  |  | 20000 |
| Capital | 100000 | Opening Stock | 20000 |
| Debtors | 45000 | Creditors | 30000 |
| Cash in hand | 17000 | Bank Overdraft | 50000 |
| Salary | 6000 | Loan | 170000 |
| Wages | 4000 | Sales | 5000 |
| Carriage inwards | 2000 | Purchases Return | 8000 |
| Carriage outwards | 4000 | Commission Received | 5000 |
| Plant and Machinery | 150000 | B/P | 100000 |
| Bad debts | 1000 | Purchases | 10000 |
| Insurance | 3000 | Cash at Bank | 3000 |
| B/R | 16000 | Advertisement |  |
| Sales Return | 7000 |  |  |

Prepare Trial Balance as on 31/12/2016
25. Explain the advantages and disvantages of various depreciation methods.
26. From the following information you are required to prepare Profit and loss account and Balance Sheet:

| Particulars | Debit Amount | Credit Amount |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Capital |  | 20,000 |
| Sundry Debtors | 5,400 |  |
| Drawings | 1800 |  |
| Machinery | 7,000 | 2,800 |
| Sundry Creditors |  |  |
| wages | 10,000 |  |
| Purchases | 19,000 |  |
| Opening stock | 4,000 |  |
| Bank Balance | 3,000 |  |
| carriage charges | 300 |  |
| salaries | 400 |  |
| Rent and taxes | 900 | 29,000 |
| sales |  | 51,800 |
|  | 51,800 |  |

Additional Information:
a) Closing stock Rs. 1200
b) Outstanding Rent and Taxes Rs. 100
c) Charge depreciation on machinery at $10 \%$ p.a
d) Wages Prepaid Rs. 400

