Reg. N	oName	23U128 - S
B.A. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION: NOVEMBER 2023		
SEMESTER 1: ECONOMICS		
COURSE: 15U1CRECO1: HISTORICAL PERSPECTIVE OF ECONOMIC THOUGHT		
(Common for Supplementary 2015/2016/2017/218 Admissions)		
Time:	Three Hours	Max. Marks: 75
	PART A	Traxi Trains: 75
Answer All (1 mark each)		
1.	What do you mean by Pigou effect?	
2.	Say's law of markets.	
3.	Distinguish between positive and normative economics.	
4.	Malthusian theory of under-consumption.	
5.	Distinguish between economic and non-economic goods as stated by Menger.	
6.	Stationary state.	
7.	Multiplier principle.	
8.	Define Laissez faire.	
9.	What is quasi rent?	
10.	Welfare definition of Economics.	$(1 \times 10 = 10)$
	PART B	
	Answer any 8 (2 marks each)	
11.	Write a note on the physiocractic doctrines.	
12.	Define Capability Approach by Amartya Sen.	
13.	Describe the theory of economic drain by Naoroji.	
	Write a short note on basic economic problems.	
	Comment on the views of Adam Smith on division of labour.	
	Explain liquidity preference theory.	
	Explain Marxian theory of Capitalist Exploitation.	
	Write a note on Doctrine of trusteeship.	
	What is meant by Tableau Economique.	(2 2)
20.	Briefly explain quantity theory of money.	$(2 \times 8 = 16)$
	PART C	
Answer any 5 (5 marks each)		

- 21. Write a note on New Keynesian economics.
- 22. Explain the analytical contributions of mercantilists to the economic theory.
- 23. Summarise the economic concepts of Marshall.
- 24. Give a brief note on Roman Economic thought.
- 25. Write a note on Ricardian distribution theory.
- 26. Explain the importance of innovation in Schumpeter's model of development.
- 27. Explain the basic ideas of Gandhian economic thought.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

PART D

Answer any 2 (12 marks each)

- 28. Write an appraisal of Milton Friedman's contribution to economic thought.
- 29. Describe Karl Marx's theory of surplus value.
- 30. Explain the main economic ideas of Kautilya as elaborated in the Arthashastra.
- 31. Examine the contributions of Adam Smith to Economics.

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$
