Reg. No	Name	23U110
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B.Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION : NOVEMBER 2023 SEMESTER 1 : COMPUTER APPLICATION

COURSE: 19U1CRCAP1: DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AND MICRO PROCESSOR

(For Regular 2023 Admission and Improvement/Supplementary 2022/2021/2020/2019 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours Max. Marks: 75

PART A Answer All (1 mark each)

- 1. Define synchronous counter.
- 2. What do you mean by toggling?
- 3. Name the two forms of Boolean expression.
- 4. What are the various methods used for triggering flip-flops?
- 5. What do you mean by BCD counter?
- 6. What you mean by odd parity bit?
- 7. What do you mean by address bus?
- 8. What is a data bus?
- 9. Define number system.
- 10. Convert (110011.1001)2 to decimal.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

PART B

Answer any 8 (2 marks each)

- 11. Explain about SIPO shift register.
- 12. Explain about master slave flip-flops.
- 13. Add 234 + 4567 using excess-3 code.
- 14. What you mean by controlled inverter?
- 15. What do you mean by a latch? Why that name?
- 16. Subtract 1001000 110101100 Using 2's Compliment.
- 17. Simplify using K-map $F(N,X,Y,Z) = \sum (0,1,2,3,4,6,7,11,15)$.
- 18. What is minimum mode and maximum mode in 8086?
- 19. Explain about PISO shift register.
- 20. Explain general purpose registers.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

PART C

Answer any 5 (5 marks each)

- 21. Differentiate SISO and PISO shift registers
- 22. Explain about demultiplexers and draw a 1:4 demux.
- 23. Differentiate full adder and half adder.
- 24. Explain the basic operational concept of microprocessor with a diagram.
- 25. Perform BCD addition: 1005+345.
- 26. Explain the method of converting a hexadecimal number to decimal, binary and octal with examples.
- 27. Simplify the expression A'BC+AB'C+ABC'+ABC=BC+AB+AC.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

PART D Answer any 2 (12 marks each)

- 28. Construct 6*64 decoder using four 4*16 decoder.
- 29. Prove De morgans theorem using truth table and logical expression.
- 30. Explain the functional units of 8086 microprocessor.
- 31. Explain the steps to convert SOP and POS to its standard normal form and convert the expressions given below. a) F(A,B,C) = (A+B).(B+C).(A+C) b) F(A,B,C) = AC+AB+BC.

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$