Reg. No	Name	22U145
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## B.Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION : OCTOBER 2022 SEMESTER 1 : COMPLEMENTARY PHYSICS FOR B. Sc MATHEMATICS

COURSE: 19U1CPPHY1: PROPERTIES OF MATTER AND ERROR ANALYSIS

(For Regular – 2022 Admission and Improvement / Supplementary - 2021/2020/2019 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 60

## PART A Answer any 8 (2 marks each)

- 1. Define the term "Surface Tension". Give its unit.
- 2. How three types of moduli of elasticity arise?
- 3. Write down the relative error in P(x) if  $P=x^n$  (where n is an integer)
- 4. What is torsion pendulum? Why it is called so?
- 5. Write down the relative error in  $P(\alpha)$  if  $P=\cos(\alpha)$
- 6. Name the forms of energy possessed by a liquid undergoing a streamline flow through a pipe.
- 7. Differentiate between cohesive and adhesive force.
- 8. What is meant by the term Brownian motion?
- 9. Write down the expression for a normal distribution function, express the terms involved.
- 10. Distinguish between yield point and breaking point.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$ 

## PART B Answer any 6 (4 marks each)

- 11. A car travels at a speed of (100  $\pm$  5) km/hr for t= (3.2  $\pm$  0.1) hr. Calculate the relative error in the distance travelled.
- 12. A metal disc having mass 1 kg and radius 0.1 m is suspended as a torsional pendulum using a wire of length 1 m and radius 0.5x10<sup>-3</sup> m. If the period of torsional oscillation is 4 seconds, find the rigidity modulus of the wire?
- 13. What is the excess pressure inside a drop of liquid of 3mm radius at a room temperature. Given surface tension of the liquid at the same as  $4.7x \cdot 10^{-1}$  N/m.
- The pressure inside a soap bubble of radius 2 cm is balanced by a liquid (density 800 Kg/m<sup>3</sup>) column of height 0.72 mm. Determine the surface tension of the soap solution.
- 15. A bar 1 m in length and  $5x \cdot 10^{-8}$  m, square in cross section is supported horizontally at its ends and loaded at the centre. The depression produced by 0.1 kg at the centre is  $1.96x \cdot 10^{-3}$  m. Find the Young's modulus of the material of the bar.
- 16. Two resistors R1= (100  $\pm$  3) Ohm and R2= (200  $\pm$  4) Ohm are connected in series and parallel. Determine the equivalent resistance in each case.

- 17. Describe an experiment to determine the Youngs modulus of the material of a rectangular scale by uniform bending
- 18. A Student measures acceleration due to gravity (g) by measuring the time 't' for a stone to fall from a height 'h' above the ground. After taking several readings he obtains  $t = (1.6 \pm 0.1)$  sec and  $h = (46.2 \pm 0.3)$  feet. What is the answer in 'g' presented as  $g_{best} \pm dg$ ?

 $(4 \times 6 = 24)$ 

## PART C Answer any 2 (10 marks each)

- 19. Describe with thoery an experiment to determine the Y of a bar having rectangular cross section by uniform bending.
- 20. Obtain an equation for couple per unit twist when a cylindirical rod fixed at one end and given a twist at the other end.
- 21. Discuss the rules adopted in calculating the error when the numbers with errors are (a) multiplied (b) divided (c) raised to some power. Estimate the value of q, if  $q = (\frac{x}{y}) + (x + y)$ , where  $x = (4.0 \pm 1)$  and  $y = (10.0 \pm 0.5)$
- 22. Discuss a setup to measure the surface tension of water in lab using capillary rise approach. Arrive at a formula and ways of measuring various parameters.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$