Reg.	No	Name	22U141
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END SEMESTER EXAMINATION: OCTOBER 2022

SEMESTER 1: INTEGRATED M.Sc. PROGRAMME COMPUTER SCIENCE AND DATA SCIENCE

COURSE: 21UP1CRMCP03: DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

(For Regular – 2022 Admission and Improvement / Supplementary - 2021 Admission)

Time : Three Hours Max. Weightage: 30

PART A Answer any 8

- 1. State the use of * (asterisk) operator along with SELECT statement.
- 2. Define the term cardinality of a database.
- 3. The information containing descriptions about the data stored in a database is called ------
- 4. List any two attributes that an entity called 'television' can have.
- 5. Define the term fragmentation.
- 6. Write a sample query to enforce a NOT NULL constraint to the table STUDENT on the attribute AGE.
- 7. ------ helps to maintain integrity in relational databases.
- 8. Define the term data abstraction in a database.
- 9. Give an example of a procedural query language.
- 10. State the difference between UNIQUE constraint and PRIMARY KEY constraint.

 $(1 \times 8 = 8 \text{ Weight})$

PART B Answer any 6

- 11. Differentiate between a primary key and a foreign key.
- 12. DDBMS have effective recovery mechanism. Justify the statement.
- 13. Explain the mathematical representation of a relationship set.
- 14. Differentiate between internal and external schema.
- 15. Explain how check constraints are added at the time of table creation.
- 16. Considering the relation given below, find the degree of the relation, and identify what constraint(s) would hold.

ST_ID	NAME	AGE	ADDRESS	CONTACT	PROGRAMME
102	John	20	XYZ	9878789098	BCA
103	Alen	18	ABC	9876543210	BCA
104	Ram	18	PQR	9874563210	BCA

- 17. Discuss the atomicity issues of file systems.
- 18. Discuss briefly about the table DUAL.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12 \text{ Weight})$

PART C Answer any 2

- 19. Explain referential integrity constraint with an example.
- 20. Discuss on the roles and responsibilities of a Database Administrator.
- 21. Give a brief note about evolution of query languages.
- 22. Explain the approaches to distributed database storage.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10 \text{ Weight})$