Reg. No	Name	15U133
B.Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER	R EXAMINATION OCTOBER 2016	
SEMESTER - 1: COMPLEMENT	TARY COURSE IN PHY./BOT./ZOO.	
COURSE: <b>15U1CPCHE</b>	E1: GENERAL CHEMISTRY	
Common for Regular (2016 Admission) & Su	upplementary / Improvement (2015 Ad	mission)
Fime: Three Hours		/ Max Marks: 60
SEC	CTION A	
	ach question carries <b>1</b> mark.	
2. Which principle states that the number of ele	ectrons in an orbital cannot be more the	an 2?
3. According to Lewis concept, a base is an elec-	tron pair	
4. A reaction is found to be in equilibrium, the v	value of $\Delta G$ is	
5. Give the equation for packing fraction.		
6. What is induced radioactivity?		
7. The normality of 6M sulphuric acid is	<u></u> .	
8. Give an example for secondary standard.		$(1 \times 8 = 8)$
SEC	CTION B	
	. Each question carries <b>2</b> marks.	
9. What is a buffer solution? Give an example.		
10. Calculate the entropy change for the vaporiza $\Delta H_{\text{vap}} = 37.3 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ .	ation of liquid water to steam at 100°C.	
11. What is absolute error?		
12. Derive de Broglie relation.		
13. Give two points of differences between nucle	ear fission and nuclear fusion reactions.	
14. Explain the application of solubility product in	n soap industry.	
15. How is a primary standard solution prepared	?	
16. State and give the expression for Heisenberg	's uncertainty principle.	$(2 \times 6 = 12)$
SEC	CTION C	
Answer <b>any four</b> questions.	. Each question carries <b>5</b> marks.	
17. State and explain second law of thermodyna	imics.	
18. What is the principle of radiocarbon dating?		
19. What are the different types of error? Explair	n.	
20. Briefly discuss on the different types of quant	tum numbers.	
21. Explain what is meant by $K_a$ and $K_b$ ; $pK_a$ and $p$	oK <sub>b</sub> . Which is a better method of expres	sing
the strength of an acid - $K_a$ or $pK_a$ ?		

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

22. Explain redox titration using a suitable example.

## **SECTION D**

Answer **any two** questions. Each question carries **10** marks.

23. (a) What is molarity and molality? Calculate the molarity of Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> solution prepare	ed
by dissolving 1.06g of pure anhydrous Na₂CO₃ in 500mL of distilled water	(4)
(b) Discuss the concept of Gibbs free energy. What is the effect of temperature on	
spontaneity of a reaction	(6)
24. (a) What is common ion effect? Explain its applications	(7)
(b) What is pH and pOH	(3)
25. (a) What do you mean by binding energy? How is it calculated?	(4)
(b) What is a breeder reactor? Explain using an example.	(4)
(c) Write a note on disposal of nuclear wastes	(2)
26. Write short notes on:	
(a) Quantization of angular momentum	(3)
(b) Postulates of Bohr Theory	(5)
(c) Origin of hydrogen spectrum	(2)
	$(10\times2=20)$

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