Name.....

B. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - APRIL 2021

SEMESTER -6: PHYSICS (CORE COURSE)

COURSE: 15U6CRPHY11: CONDENSED MATTER PHYSICS

(Common for Regular 2018 admission & Improvement 2017/Supplementary 2017 /2016 /2015 admissions) Time: Three Hours Max Marks: 60

PART A

Answer all questions; each question carries 1 mark

- 1. A unit cell equivalent to one lattice point is also known as.....
- 2. What do you mean by coordination number in a crystal structure?
- 3. The packing fraction for fcc structure is.....
- 4. What is the momentum of a free electron?
- 5. Explain polar and nonpolar molecules.
- 6. What does Bohr magneton represent?
- 7. Define orbital gyromagnetic ratio.
- 8. What do you mean by remanence in magnetic hysteresis?
- 9. What is meant by critical field of a superconductor?
- 10. Define coherence length.

PART B

Answer any seven questions; each question carries 2 marks

- 11. Explain Bravais space lattices.
- 12. Describe hexagonal close packed structure.
- 13. What are known as van der Waals bonds?
- 14. Explain Hall Effect.
- 15. Describe the different types of polarization.
- 16. Explain ferrimagnetism.
- 17. Explain Meissner effect.
- 18. What are the classifications of superconductors?
- 19. What are Carbon Nanotubes?

PART C

Answer any four questions; each question carries 4 marks

- 20. What is meant by the packing fraction of a crystal structure? Calculate the packing fraction for a simple cubic, body centered cubic and face centered cubic structure.
- 21. Find the Miller indices of a plane that makes intercepts on a, b and c axes equal to 3 Å, 4 Å and 3 Å in a tetragonal crystal with c/a ratio as 1.5.
- 22. Find the lowest energy of an electron confined to motion in a three dimensional potential box of length 0.5 Å.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

 $(2 \times 7 = 14)$

- 23. The applied magnetic field in copper is 10^6 A/m. If the magnetic susceptibility of copper is -0.8 x 10^{-5} , calculate the flux density and the magnetization in copper.
- 24. A paramagnetic salt contains 10²⁸ ions/m³ with magnetic moment of one Bohr magneton. Calculate the paramagnetic susceptibility and magnetization produced in a uniform magnetic field of 10⁶ A/m, at room temperature.
- 25. A superconducting tin has a critical temperature of 3.7K at zero magnetic field and a critical field of 0.0306T at 0K. Find the critical field at 2K. $(4 \times 4 = 16)$

PART D

Answer any two question; each question carries 10 marks

- 26. Explain the classical theory of paramagnetism. Discuss its drawbacks and hence the advantages of Weiss theory of paramagnetism.
- 27. Explain the classical free electron theory of metals and discuss its drawbacks. Discuss the band theory of solids.
- 28. Explain the concept of reciprocal lattice and derive the relation between reciprocal lattice vector and direct lattice parameters. Discuss the properties of reciprocal lattice.
- 29. Derive the London equations of superconductivity and arrive at the expression for London
penetration depth. Discuss the main features of BCS theory. $(10 \times 2 = 20)$
