# **B Sc DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - JULY 2021**

## SEMESTER 2 : MATHEMATICS (CORE COURSE)

## COURSE : 19U2CRMAT2 : ADVANCED CALCULUS AND TRIGONOMETRY

(For Regular - 2020 Admission and Supplementary - 2019 Admission)

Time : Three Hours

#### PART A

### Answer any 10 (2 marks each)

- 1. Expand  $\cos x$  by Maclaurin's series.
- 2. Expand  $\log \sin x$  in powers of x 2.
- 3. Find the  $n^{th}$  derivative of  $y = (ax + b)^m$ .
- 4. Find the circumference of a circle of radius r using parametric forms.
- 5. Find y'(x), y''(x) without eliminating the parameter for the curve  $x = sect, \ y = \tan t$ ;  $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .
- 6. Sketch the graph of  $r = \theta$ ,  $\theta \ge 0$  in polar coordinates by plotting points.
- 7. Find the arc length of the spiral  $r=e^{ heta}$  between heta=0 and  $heta=\pi$  .
- 8. Separate into its real and imaginary parts the expression  $\cosh(\alpha + \beta i)$ .
- 9. Prove that  $tanh u = sin\theta$
- 10. Define area using double integral.
- 11. Write the parametric equation of the paraboloid z = 4 x  $^{2}$  y  $^{2}$
- 12. Define simple polar region with example

(2 x 10 = 20)

### PART B Answer any 5 (5 marks each)

- <sup>13.</sup> Find the equation of the circle of curvature at the point (0, b) of the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ .
- 14. Find all the asymptotes of the curve  $y^3 6xy^2 + 11x^2y 6x^3 + x + y = 0$ .
- 15. Find the points on the cardioid  $r = 1 \cos \theta$  at which there is a horizontal tangent line , a vertical tangent line , or a singular point.
- 16. Find the area of the region in the first quadrant that is within the cardioid  $r=1-\cos heta$  .
- 17. Sum the series  $\sin \alpha + c \sin(\alpha + \beta) + \frac{c^2}{2!} \sin(\alpha + 2\beta) + \cdots$  inf
- 18. Show that  $\cos h^{-1}x = \log \left[x + \sqrt{x^2 1}
  ight]$ , when x is real.
- 19. Use double integration to find the area enclosed by the curves  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = \cos x$ for  $\pi/4 \le x \le \pi/2$
- 20. Find the value of the  $\iint xydA$  over the region enclosed between  $y = \frac{x}{2}, \ y = \sqrt{x}, \ x = 2 \ and \ x = 4$

(5 x 5 = 25)

# PART C Answer any 3 (10 marks each)

21. Prove Leibnitz theorem. If  $y=\left(x^2-1
ight)^n$  , prove that  $ig(x^2-1ig)y_{n+2}+2xy_{n+1}-nig(n+1ig)y_n=0.$ 

Max. Marks: 75

- 22. Sum to n terms and to infinity the series  $1+a\,\cos\, heta\,+a^2\,\cos\,2 heta\,+a^3\,\cos\,3 heta+\ldots,\quad |a|<1$
- 23. Define area and volume using double integrals. Evaluate  $\int \int \sin \theta \, dA$  where the region is the first quadrant that is evaluated outside the circle r = 2 and inside the cardiod r = 2(1+cos $\theta$ ).
- 24. Find the volume of the solid enclosed between the paraboloids  $z = 5x^2 + 5y^2$  and  $z = 6 7x^2 y^2$ . (10 x 3 = 30)