# B.Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION OCT. 2020: JANUARY 2021 <br> SEMESTER - 5: MATHEMATICS (CORE COURSE) <br> COURSE: 15U5CRMAT07- ABSTRACT ALGEBRA 

(Common for Regular 2018 admission and Improvement 2017/ Supplementary 2017/2016/2015/2014 admissions)

## PART A

Each Question carries 1 Mark Answer All Questions

1. Prove that inverse element of a group is unique.
2. Check whether the algebraic structure $\left(\mathbb{Z}_{5},+_{5}\right)$ defined over the set of positive integers is a semi group or not?
3. Show by an example that every proper subgroup of a non abelian group may be abelian.
4. Prove that every permutation in $S_{n}$ can be written as a product of at most ( $\mathrm{n}-1$ ) transpositions for $\mathrm{n} \geq 2$.
5. Find the number of elements in the cyclic group of $\mathbb{Z}_{30}$ generated by 25.
6. Give an example of an abelian group which is not cyclic.
7. "Every isomorphism is also a homomorphism" True or False.
8. Describe all units in the ring $\mathbb{Z}_{5}$.
9. Define characteristics of ring.
10. Find all the units of a ring $\mathbb{Z}_{4}$.

## PART B

## Each Question carries 2 Marks Answer any Eight

11. How many proper subgroups will be there for a group of order 11 ? Justify your answer.
12. Prove that every cyclic group is abelian.
13. Show that arbitrary intersection of subgroups is a subgroup.
14. Does there exist an element of order 4 in $\mathbb{Z}_{14}$ ? Justify your answer.
15. Let $p$ and $q$ be prime numbers. Find the number of generators of the cyclic group $\mathbb{Z}_{p q}$.
16. Give two arguments showing that $\mathbb{Z}_{4}$ is not isomorphic to the Klein 4 - group.
17. Let $(\mathrm{R},+)$ be an abelian group. Show that $(\mathrm{R},+,$.$) is a ring if we define a b=0$ for all $a, b \in R$.
18. Find all units of the ring $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$.
19. If $R$ is a ring with unity and $N$ is an ideal of $R$ containing a unit, show that $N=R$.
20. Determine all ideals of $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$.

## PART C

## Each Question carries 5 Marks Answer Any Five

21. Construct two different types of group structures of order 4.
22. Prove that every permutation of a finite set is a product of disjoint cycles.
23. State and prove Langrange's theorem.
24. Define an isomorphism of a group. Show that all automorphisms of a group G form a group under function composition.
25. Let $R=\left\{\left(\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ -\bar{b} & \bar{a}\end{array}\right) a, b \in \mathbb{C}\right\}$, where ' $\bar{a}$ ' is a conjugate of the complex number ' $a$ '. Prove that $R$ is a non-commutative ring with unity.
26. Show that the rings $2 \mathbb{Z}$ and $3 \mathbb{Z}$ are not isomorphic.
27. Prove that the characteristics of an integral domain is either a prime number or zero.

## PART D

## Each Question carries 12 Marks Answer Any Two

28. If $A=\{1,2,3\}$ list out all the permutations of $A$ and verify that these permutations form a group under the operation composition.
29. State and prove Cayley's theorem.
30. Define a maximal normal subgroup of a group G. Prove that a homomorphism $\phi$ of a group G is a one to one function if and only if the kernel of $\phi$ is $\{e\}$.
31. (a) If $a$ is an integer relatively prime to $n$ then prove that $a^{\phi(n)} \equiv 1(\bmod n)$.
(b) Find the remainder of $7^{1000}$ when divided by 24.
