

**B.Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION OCTOBER/NOVEMBER 2018****SEMESTER –5: PHYSICS (CORE COURSE)****COURSE: 15U5CRPHY08: DIGITAL ELECTRONICS***(Common for Regular 2016 admission & Supplementary 2015 & 2014 admissions)*

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 60

**PART A** (Very short answer questions)*Answer **all** questions. Each question carries **1** Mark*

1. .... is the radix of decimal number system.
2. Why binary numbers are used in digital electronic systems?
3. State De - Morgan's theorems.
4. What is a flip flop?
5. Draw the logic symbol and truth table of a NOR gate.
6. What is a multiplexer?
7. Define the term 'minterm'.
8. What is meant by propagation delay in a digital circuit?
9. Why synchronous counters are named so?
10. How can you convert an SR flip flop to a D flip flop? (1 x 10 = 10)

**PART B** (Short answer questions)*Answer **any Seven** questions. Each question carries **2** Marks*

11. Convert the octal number 6327.4051 to its decimal equivalent.
12. Implement the logic gates for the following expressions:  
(a)  $AB + BCD$       (b)  $AB + BCD + EFGH$
13. Why Karnaugh maps are used in Boolean algebra?
14. Differentiate between combinational logic circuits and sequential logic circuits.
15. Write a comparative note on DTL and TTL logic families.
16. What is a half adder? In what feature(s) is it different from a full adder?
17. Draw the logic circuit, logic symbol and truth table of a D flipflop.
18. What are digital registers? What are their uses?
19. Explain the terms *rising edge, falling edge, rise time and pulse width*. (2 x 7 = 14)

**PART C** (Problem/Derivations)*Answer **any Four** questions; each question carries **4** marks*

20. What is meant by Coding in digital electronics? Write short note on BCD and ASCII codes.
21. Simplify the following using Boolean algebra  
(a)  $(A + B)(A + \bar{B})$       (b)  $(A + B)(A + \bar{B})(\bar{A} + \bar{C})$

22. Convert the following expression to the other conical form  
 $F(A,B,C,D) = \Pi_M (0,1,2,3,4,6,12)$
23. Illustrate how a JK flip flop can be converted into a  
(a) D flip flop and (b) T flip flop
24. With a neat diagram explain the working of a 4 bit parallel adder.
25. Explain the working of a 4 to 1 multiplexer. (4 x 4 =16)

**PART D** (Long answer questions)

*Answer **any two** questions; each question carries **10** marks*

26. What are 1's complements and 2's complements of a binary number? Find the 1's and 2's complements of the following numbers  
(a) 20 (b) 35 (c) 28
27. (a)What are Karnaugh maps? How a Karnaugh map is constructed?  
(b)How a Boolean expression is implemented in a Karnaugh map?  
(c)How a truth table is implemented in a Karnaugh map?  
(d)How a Boolean expression simplified in a Karnaugh map?
28. What are Registers? Discuss in detail the working of Shift left and Shift right registers.
29. Discuss the construction and working of a counter type ADC. (10 x 2 = 20)

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