Reg. No 18P3605 Name

MSc DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - OCTOBER 2018 SEMESTER 3: PHYSICS

COURSE: 16P3PHYT09: QUANTUM MECHANICS - II

(For Regular - 2017 Admission & Supplementary - 2016 Admission)

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 75

Section A Answer any 5 (1 marks each)

If A_S is the observable in the Schrodinger picture, H and H_0 the total and the unperturbed Hamiltonian respectively then the observable in the Heisenberg picture A_{H} is

(a)
$$e^{-iH_0t/\hbar}A_Se^{iH_0t/\hbar}$$

(b)
$$e^{iH_0t/\hbar}A_Se^{-iH_0t/\hbar}$$

(c)
$$e^{iHt/\hbar}A_S e^{-iHt/\hbar}$$

(d)
$$e^{-iHt/\hbar} A_S e^{iHt/\hbar}$$

If the state ket in the schrodinger picture is given by $|\alpha,t_0;t\rangle_s$ then the state ket in the interaction picture is

(a)
$$|\alpha, t_0; t\rangle_s$$

(b)
$$|\alpha, t_0; t\rangle_{\circ} e^{-iH_0t/\hbar}$$

(c)
$$|lpha,t_0;t
angle_s e^{iH_0t/\hbar}$$

(d)
$$|lpha,t_0;t
angle_s e^{iHt/\hbar}$$

3. An asymptitic wavefunction(ψ) is

(a)
$$\psi_{inc} + \psi_{sc}$$

(b)
$$\psi_{inc} + \psi_{sc}$$
 at $r o \infty$

(c)
$$\psi_{inc} + \psi_{sc}$$
 at $r o 0$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{(a) } \psi_{inc}+\psi_{sc} & \text{(b) } \psi_{inc}+\psi_{sc} \text{ at } r\to\infty \\ \text{(c) } \psi_{inc}+\psi_{sc} \text{ at } r\to0 & \text{(d) outgoing wave at } r\to\infty \end{array}$$

4. In relativistic quantum mechanics the γ_4^2 is

(a)
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -I \end{pmatrix}$$
 (c) $\begin{pmatrix} -I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(a)} \begin{pmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & -I \end{pmatrix} & & \text{(b)} \begin{pmatrix} I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{(c)} \begin{pmatrix} -I & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{pmatrix} & & \text{(d)} \begin{pmatrix} -I & 0 \\ 0 & -I \end{pmatrix} \\ \end{array}$$

The generalized momentum p_i conjugate to the generalized coordinate q_i is

 $(1 \times 5 = 5)$

Section B Answer any 7 (2 marks each)

- 6. Describe the operation of time evolution operator.
- 7. Sate Fermis golden rule.
- 8. Explain electric dipole approximation in time dependent perturnation theory.
- 9. Explain hard sphere scattering.
- Define differential scattering cross section and total scattering cross section.
- 11. Explain Ramsauer - Townsend effect.
- 12. Write down the Dirac matrices.

- 13. Find the matrix $\sigma\cdot {\it p}$ where $p=p_1\hat{i}+p_2\hat{j}+p_3\hat{k}$
- 14. Write down the Lagrangian equations of motion and the Hamiltons canonical equations of motion.
- 15. State Noether's theorem.

 $(2 \times 7 = 14)$

Section C Answer any 4 (5 marks each)

- 16. Explain the interaction picture in quantum mechanics and obtain the equation of motion in that picture.
- 17. In the case of Harmonic perturbation, show that the transition rate for a transition from the ground state $|g\rangle$ to the excited state $|e\rangle$ is same as that from $|e\rangle$ to $|g\rangle$.
- Obtain the expression for the differential scattering crossection for scattering of the electron by Coulomb potential.
- 19. Obtain Klein-Gordon equation.
- 20. Determine the current density and the charge density on the basis of Klein Gordon equation.
- 21. Derive the Hamiltonian form of the classical field equation in terms of Hamiltonian density.

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$

Section D Answer any 3 (12 marks each)

22.1. Discuss time dependent Perturbation theory and deduce Fermi's Golden Rule.

OR

- 2. Explain the interaction of an atom with electromagnetic field using time dependent perturbation theory.
- 23.1. Obtain Rutherford scattering formula by applying first Born approximation.

OR

- 2. Explain resonances in scattering theory. with a neat diagram explain how metastable bound states are formed.
- 24.1. Obtain the solution of the dirac equation for the particle at rest.

OR

2. Explain the second quantization of the schrodinger field and apply this formalism to a system of bosons.

 $(12 \times 3 = 36)$