B. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - MARCH 2019

SEMESTER - 6: MATHEMATICS (CORE COURSE)

COURSE: 15U6CRMAT11: DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

(Common for Regular - 2016 Admission / Supplementary-Improvement 2015 / 2014 admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

Part A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Define a complete bipartite graph.
- 2. Draw a graph without cut vertices.
- 3. Let G = (V, E) be a graph such that |E| = 8 and deg (v) = 2 for all $v \in V$, then find the Number of vertices of G.
- 4. Define a Hamiltonian graph.
- 5. Draw an Eulerian graph.
- 6. For what values of n does the complete graph K_n has a perfect matching.
- 7. State Knapsack problem.
- 8. Give an example of super increasing sequence.
- 9. Every chain is a lattice. Justify.
- 10. Define a self dual of a partially ordered set.

Part B

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Prove that every u v walk contains a u v path.
- 12. Define adjacency matrix of a graph. Write down adjacency matrix of K_4 .
- 13. Draw all non-isomorphic trees with five vertices.
- 14. State personnel assignment problem.
- 15. If *G* be a graph in which the degree of every vertex is atleast two, then prove that *G* contains a cycle.
- 16. Prove that a simple graph G is Hamiltonian if and only if its closure c(G) is Hamiltonian.
- 17. Explain Merkle- Hellman cryptosystem.
- 18. Explain monoalphabetic cipher and polyalphabetic cipher.
- 19. Prove that the poset $X = \{2,3,4,6\}$ of non trivial factors of 12 under divisibility is self dual.
- 20. Show that union of 2 sublattices may not be a sublattice. (2 x 8 = 16)

Part C

Answer **any five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 21. If T is a tree with n vertices then it has precisely n 1 edges.
- 22. Define cut vertex of a graph G. If G be a graph with n vertices, $n \ge 2$, then prove that G has at least 2 vertices which are not cut vertices.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 23. Let *G* be a simple graph. Show that either *G* or its complement \overline{G} is connected.
- 24. Prove that a connected graph G is Euler if and only if the degree of every vertex is even.
- 25. Define a perfect matching and prove that a tree has atmost one perfect matching.
- 26. Explain how encrypytion and decryption are carried out in RSA cryptosystem.
- 27. Prove that product of 2 lattices is a lattice.

Part D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 28. Let G be a non empty graph with atleast 2 vertices. Then prove that G is bipartite if and only if it has no odd cycles.
- 29. State and prove Dirac's theorem for Hamiltonian graphs.
- 30. (i) Explain how encryption and decryption are carried out using Hill's cipher.
 - (ii) The cipher text ALXWU VADCOJO has been enciphered with cipher
 - $C_1 \equiv 4P_1 + 11P_2 \pmod{26}, C_2 \equiv 3P_1 + 8P_2 \pmod{26}$. Derive the plain text.
- 31. (i) Prove that the dual of a lattice is a lattice.

(ii) Show that a finite lattice has least and greatest elements. $(12 \times 2 = 24)$
