B. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - OCTOBER 2019

SEMESTER - 3: MATHEMATICS

(CORE COURSE FOR B. Sc. MATHEMATICS AND B. Sc. COMPUTER APPLICATIONS) COURSE: 15U3CRMAT3-15U3CRCMT3, CALCULUS

(For Regular-2018 Admission and Supplementary / Improvement 2017, 2016, 2015, 2014 Admissions) Time: Three Hours Max Marks: 75

PART - A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Find $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2}$ if x=at², y=2 at
- 2. Check the concavity of the function y=sin x over (0, π).
- 3. How many asymptotes a closed curve has?
- 4. Define critical point of a function.
- 5. Find $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ for f (x,y)=e^{x+y+1}
- 6. Evaluate $\int_0^3 \sqrt{y+1} dy$
- 7. What is the area of the surface generated by revolving the smooth curve y=f(x) from x=c to x=d?
- 8. Write the shell formula for finding the volume of the solid generated by revolving a region about the y-axis.
- 9. What is the area of a closed bounded region R in polar co-ordinates?
- 10. Write the co-ordinate conversion formula from spherical to rectangular co-ordinates.

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$

PART - B

Answer any 8 questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Find the nth derivative of cos(ax+b)
- 12. Find the points of inflections of the curve $y = (logx)^3$
- 13. Find f_x and f_y of $f(x,y) = x^2+3xy+y-1$ at (4,-5)
- 14. Draw a tree diagram for $\frac{dz}{dt}$ for z=f(x,y); x=g(t),y=h(t)
- 15. Find the local extreme values of $f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2$
- 16. Find the area of the region enclosed by the co-ordinate axes and the line x+y=2
- 17. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region bounded by $y=\sqrt{x}$, $0 \le x \le 4$ and the x-axis about the x-axis
- 18. Change to polar integral and evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$
- 19. Find the Jacobian of the transformation x=u cos v, y=u sin v
- 20. Evaluate $\int_0^1 \int_0^{1-y} \int_0^2 dx dz dy$

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

PART - C

Answer any 5 questions. (Each question carries 5 marks)

- 21. Expand log(1+x) in ascending powers of x
- 22. Find the radius of curvature of the curve $\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} = \sqrt{a}$ at the point $(\frac{a}{4} \frac{a}{4})$
- 23. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$ and $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$ in terms of r and s if w= x²+y²:x=r-s, y=r+s using chain rule
- 24. Find the area between the curves $x + y^2 = 0$ and $x + 3y^2 = 2$
- 25. Find the length of the curve $y=(x/2)^{2/3}$ from x=0 to x=3
- 26. Evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{2\sqrt{ln3}} \int_{\frac{y}{2}}^{\sqrt{ln3}} e^{x^2} dx dy$ by reversing the order of integration.
- 27. Evaluate the cylindrical co-ordinate integral $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \int_{0}^{\frac{\theta}{2\pi}} \int_{0}^{3+24r^2} dz r dr d\theta$

(5 x 5 = 25)

PART - D

Answer any 2 questions. (Each question carries 12 marks)

- 28. a) If $y = (\sin^{-1} x)^2$, show that $(1-x^2)y_{n+2} (2n+1)xy_{n+1} n^2y_n = 0$
 - b) Find the evolute of the parabola y^2 =4ax
- 29. a) Find $\frac{dw}{dt}$, given w = z-sinxy : x=t, y= logt , z=e^{t-1}
 - b) Find the maximum and minimum values of the fuction f(x,y)=3x+4y on the circle $x^2+y^2=1$
- 30. a) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region between the parabola $x=y^2+1$ and the line x=3 about the line x=3
 - b) Find the area of the surface generated by revolving the curve x=at², y=2at,0≤t≤1 about the x-axis
- 31. a) Find the volume of the solid bounded by the paraboloid $z=x^2+y^2$ and below by the triangle enclosed by the lines y=x, x=0 and x + y=2 in the xy p lane
 - b) Find the volume of the ice cream cone D cut from the solid sphere $\rho \le 1$ by the cone $\varphi = \frac{\pi}{2}$

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$