# B. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MARCH / APRIL 2018

## SEMESTER - 2: B. Sc. MATHEMATICS (CORE COURSE)

## COURSE: 15U2CRMAT2 - ANALYTIC GEOMETRY, TRIGONOMETRY AND MATRICES

(Common for Regular 2017 / Supplementary - Improvement 2016 / 2015 / 2014 Admission)

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 75

#### PART A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Define polar of a point with regard to a circle.
- 2. What is the parametric representation of a point on  $y^2 = 4\alpha x$ .
- 3. Define the term latus rectum.
- 4. What are conjugate lines?
- 5. What are the asymptotes of  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} \frac{y^2}{h^2} = 1$ .
- 6. Find the imaginary part of  $\sin (\alpha + \beta i)$ .
- 7. What is the centre of the circle  $r = asin\theta$ .
- 8. Prove that  $sin(i\theta) = isinh \theta$ .
- 9. If A is a  $3 \times 3$  matrix of rank 3, what can you say about the solutions of the linear system AX = 0?
- 10. Le A be a  $2\times 2$  matrix with Eigen values 1 and -1. Find the determinant of  $A^{100}$ .

 $(1 \times 10 = 10)$ 

## **PART B**

Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Prove that the pole of the line lx + my + n = 0 with respect to  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$  is  $(-\frac{la^2}{n}, -\frac{ma^2}{n})$ .
- 12. Find the conditions for the lines lx + my + n = 0 and  $l_1x + m_1y + n_1 = 0$  are conjugate with respect to  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ .
- 13. Find the polar of a point  $(x_1, y_1)$  with respect to the parabola  $y^2 = 4ax$ .
- 14. Find the condition in order that the line  $\frac{l}{r} = A\cos\theta + B\sin\theta$  may be a tangent to the conic  $\frac{l}{r} = 1 + e\cos\theta$ .
- 15. Trace the curve  $r = a\cos\theta$ ,  $0 \le \theta \le \pi$ .
- 16. Find the equation of the chord joining two points  $t_1$  and  $t_2$  on  $y^2 = 4ax$ .
- 17. Express  $tan(\alpha + \beta i)$  in the form A+Bi.
- 18. Prove that  $\cosh^{-1} x = \log(x + \sqrt{x^2 1})$ .
- 19. Using Cramer's rule solve: 3x + y + 2z = 3, 2x 3y z = -3, x + 2y + z = 4.
- 20. If  $\lambda$  is a nonzero Eigen value of A, prove that  $\frac{1}{\lambda}$  is an Eigen value of A<sup>-1</sup>.

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$ 

### **PART C**

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 21. Derive the condition for two circles to cut one another orthogonally.
- 22. Find the equation of the normal to the ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$  at a point  $(x_1, y_1)$ .
- 23. Obtain the equation of a rectangular hyperbola referred to its asymptotes as axes.
- 24. Sum the series  $\sin^3\left(\frac{\theta}{3}\right) + 3\sin^3\left(\frac{\theta}{3^2}\right) + 3^2\sin^3\left(\frac{\theta}{3^3}\right) + \dots$
- 25. Find the factorization of  $x^n$  1when n is even.
- 26. Reduce the following matrix to its normal form and hence find its rank.  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- 27. Find all solutions of the system : x + 2y + 3z = 0, 3x + 4y + 4z = 0, 7x + 10y + 12z = 0. (5 × 5 = 25)

## **PART D**

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 12 marks

- 28. Find the equation of the pair of tangents to the circle  $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$  from the point  $(x_1, y_1)$ .
- 29. If two conics have a common focus, show that two of their common chords pass through the point of intersection of their directrices.
- 30. Prove that  $\tan \theta = 8\theta \left[ \frac{1}{\pi^2 4\theta^2} + \frac{1}{3^2 \pi^2 4\theta^2} + \frac{1}{5^2 \pi^2 4\theta^2} + \cdots \right].$
- 31. Find the characteristic equation of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ . Show that the equation is satisfied by A and hence find  $A^{-1}$ .

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$ 

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