Re	eg. No	0U520
B. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION OCT. 2020: JANUARY 2021		
SEMESTER -5: CHEMISTRY (CORE COURSE)		
COURSE: 15U5CRCHE06: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - III		
(Common for Regular 2018 admission & Improvement 2017/Supplementary 2017, 2016 /2015 admission)		
Time	ne: Three Hours Max. Mar	ks: 60
SECTION A		
Answer all questions. Each question carries 1 mark		
1.	. Draw the tautomeric forms of nitromethane.	
2.	. Give the preparation of alizarin dye.	
3.	. What is Borsche's reagent chemically? Give the structure.	
4.	. What are sulpha drugs?	
5.	. Give 2 uses of urea-formaldehyde resin.	
6.	. List the characteristic IR peaks in acetamide.	
7.	. What are auxochromes? Give an example.	
8.	. Give 2 uses of phenylhydrazine. (1 ×	< 8 = 8)
	SECTION B	
Answer any Six questions. Each question carries 2 marks		
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	Can Gabriel-Phthalimide synthesis be used for synthesizing aniline? Explain.	
10.	Which is more basic - methyl amine or aniline? Why?	
11	What is showing shift in NIMP?	

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- 11. What is chemical shift in NMR?
- 12. Give the differences between thermal and photochemical reactions.
- 13. What is SBR? How it is prepared?
- 14. Draw the structure of chloroquine and give its uses.
- 15. Explain the preparation and uses of phenolphthalein.
- 16. Write the synthesis and applications of periodic acid.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$ 

## **SECTION C**

## Answer any Four questions. Each question carries 5 marks

- 17. Write a short note on azo dyes.
- 18. Give the mechanism of a) Curtius rearrangement and b) Arndt-Eistert synthesis.
- 19. a) What is the effect of (i) hydrogen bonding and (ii) conjugation on the carbonyl frequency in IR spectrum?

- b) Two isomeric compounds A and B have molecular formula C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. Compound A gives one NMR signal as a singlet at  $\delta = 3.7$  whereas **B** gives two signals, a doublet at  $\delta = 2.1$  and a quartet at  $\delta$  = 5.8. Assign the structure to compound **A** and **B** with relevant explanation.
- 20. Explain preparation, properties and uses of polyurethanes.
- 21. What is Hinsberg's reagent? How is it used for the separation of 1°, 2° and 3° amines?
- 22. Discuss the mechanism of a) Paterno-Buchi reaction b) Norrish type-1 reaction

 $(5 \times 4 = 20)$ 

## **SECTION D**

## Answer any 2 questions. Each question carries 10 marks

- 23. a) Discuss the various products formed during the reduction of aromatic nitro compounds under different conditions.
  - b) Explain the use of quaternary ammonium salts as phase transfer catalysts.
- 24. a) Write a note on synthetic detergents and comment on the environmental impact of using detergents.
  - b) How is indigo prepared from anthranilic acid?
- 25. a) Explain spin-spin coupling and spin-spin splitting in NMR spectroscopy.
  - b) Give a detailed account of the IR and NMR spectral characteristics of the following: butadiene, acetaldehyde, crotonaldehyde and ethanol.
- 26. a) What is Bayer's strain theory? Explain why cyclopropane and cyclobutane are unstable compared to cyclohexane.
  - b) Write a note on the synthesis and applications of N-bromo succinimide and lead tetra acetate.

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$ 

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