B.COM. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - MARCH 2020

SEMESTER -6: COMMERCE (OPTIONAL COURSE FOR FINANCE & TAXATION)

COURSE: 15U6OPCFT4: INCOME TAX ASSESSMENT AND PROCEDURE

(Common for Regular 2017 Admission & Supplementary 2016 /2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

SECTION A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 1. Explain bond washing transaction with example.
- 2. Write any four items taxable under the residuary head.
- 3. What is revocable transfer?
- 4. What is unexplained expenditure?
- 5. What are the powers of Assessing Officer?
- 6. What is transfer pricing?
- 7. Explain TCS and TDS.
- 8. What do you mean by return of loss?
- 9. Mention any four situations where PAN is compulsory
- 10. What is Ex-parte Assessment?

SECTION B

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

11. The following incomes were received by Mr. Akash during the Financial Year 2017-18: Director's Fees → 12,000 Income from Agricultural Land (in Pakistan) → 80,000 Interest from post office saving bank account → 1,500 Interest on fixed deposit in SBI → 1,800 → 1,40,000 Winning from lottery (net) \rightarrow 3,500 Crossword puzzles Royalty on books → 30,000 (expenses in this connection -2,000)

Compute his income from other sources.

- 12. What is inter head adjustment? Explain the provisions of inter head set off.
- 13. Following are the particulars submitted by Mr. Karan for the year ending 31st March 2018. Compute his total income:

Max Marks: 75

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

	(i) Incom	ne from house property:				
	a. In	come from house 'A'	\rightarrow Rs.6	50,000/-		
	b. Lo	oss from house 'B' (both houses are let out)	\rightarrow Rs.2	20,000/-		
	(ii) Incor	ne from business or profession:				
	a. In	come from cloth business	→ Rs.3	0,000/-		
	b. Lo	ss from hardware business	\rightarrow Rs.6	0,000/-		
	c. Lo	ess from speculation business	\rightarrow Rs.1	0,000/-		
	(iii) Income from other sources:					
	a. In	come from Lottery	\rightarrow Rs.25	,000/-		
	b. Lo	ss from maintenance of race horses	→ Rs.7,0	000/-		
	c. In	terest on securities	\rightarrow Rs.10	,000/-		
	(iv) Gros	s salary	→ Rs.1,66,000/-			
14.	Write a note on TARC and GAAR.					
15.	Calculate	the amount of deduction u/s 80G:				
	a. Gross Total Income		→ Rs.3,00,000/-			
	b. Deduction u/s 80C to 80U (except u/s 80G) \rightarrow Rs.50,000/-			50,000/-		
	c. De	onations by cheques :				
	i.	P.M. National Relief Fund		→ Rs.35,000/-		
	ii. Allahabad University- National Eminence		!	→ Rs.15,000/-		
	iii. Technology Development and Application Fu		n Fund	→ Rs.10,000/-		
	iv.	P.M. Drought Relief Fund		→ Rs.20,000/-		
	v.	Charitable Society		→ Rs.10,000/-		
	vi.	Family Planning		→ Rs.15,000/-		
	vii.	Sports Association		→ Rs.20,000/-		
16.	Describe the different modes of recovery of tax.					
17.	Samad Company Ltd. Is a widely held domestic company. The following are the particulars of its					
	income in respect of the Previous Year 2017-18:					

a.	Income from other sources	→ Rs.1,09,90,000		
b.	Short term capital gains u/s 111A	→ Rs.30,000		
c.	Long term capital gain	→ Rs.66,000		
d.	Book profit u/s 115JB	→ Rs.1,05,00,000		
npute the amount of tax payable by the company for the AY 2018-19.				

Compute the amount of tax payable by the company for the AY 2018-19.

SECTION - C

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 18. Briefly explain the provisions of Section 80C, 80G and 80U.
- 19. Mr. B, a resident individual submits the following particulars of his income for the year ended 31/March/2018:
 - (1) Royalty from a coal mine Rs 30,000
 - (2) Agricultural income in Bihar Rs 15,000
 - (3) Salary for a part-time job with a firm Rs 21,000
 - (4) Salary for member of parliament Rs 36,000
 - (5) Daily allowance as MP Rs 15,000
 - (6) His residential house has been taken on a rent of Rs 1,000 p.m., half of which he has sub-let @
 Rs 1,200 p.m.
 - (7) Dividend received from a co-operative society Rs 5,000
 - (8) He has incurred the following expenses:
 - (i) Paid collection charges Rs 100 for collecting dividends
 - (ii) Rs 5,000 spent for earning and collecting Royalty incomeCompute Mr. B's "Income from Other Sources" for the year 2018-19.
- 20. Dr. Varma is a teacher. Following information relate for the Assessment Year 2018-19:
 - a. Basic Salary @ Rs.12,000 p.m.
 - b. D.A. 45 % of Salary
 - c. Wardenship allowance @ Rs.400 per month
 - d. Examinership remuneration \rightarrow Rs.3,000
 - e. Royalty from books for schools (computed) \rightarrow Rs.22,500
 - f. Gross interest on Government securities \rightarrow Rs.5,000
 - g. Interest on Tax free debentures (gross) Rs.3,000. Debentures are issued by a public sector company and are notified
 - h. Dividend on shares of a foreign company \rightarrow Rs.2,500
 - i. Income from House Property (computed) \rightarrow Rs.1,10,000
 - j. Contribution to SPF \rightarrow Rs.5,000
 - k. Contribution to PPF \rightarrow Rs.12,000
 - I. Premium paid by cheque on medical insurance policy on health of a dependent father \rightarrow Rs.3,000
 - m. Donation to an approved charitable institution \rightarrow Rs.10,000

Compute his total income.

- 21. Compute the income of Raj for the Assessment Year 2018-19:
 - a. Pension (gross) →Rs.60,000
 - b. Rent from house property \rightarrow Rs.20,000
 - c. Winnings from lotteries \rightarrow Rs.1,00,000
 - d. Profit from cloth business \rightarrow Rs.48,000
 - e. Loss from agency business \rightarrow 1,50,000
 - f. Speculation business income \rightarrow 2,00,000
 - g. Short- term capital loss \rightarrow 50,000
 - h. Interest on securities \rightarrow Rs.12,000

The following losses have been b/f from the preceding year:

- a. Loss from discounted business \rightarrow Rs.18,000
- b. Speculation loss \rightarrow Rs.20,000
- c. Long term capital loss → Rs.10,000
- 22. From the following particulars of Sri Vimal calculate his Gross Tax Liability for the AY 2018-19:
 - a. Salary \rightarrow Rs.1,49,000
 - b. Business Income \rightarrow Rs.4,70,000
 - c. Royalty on books for colleges \rightarrow Rs.30,000
 - d. Rent from House Property \rightarrow Rs.20,000
 - e. Dividend income \rightarrow Rs.15,200
 - f. Interest on Govt. securities \rightarrow Rs.8,800
 - g. Income of a minor son \rightarrow Rs.15,000
 - h. Long term capital gains \rightarrow Rs.30,000
 - i. Contribution to PPF \rightarrow Rs.30,000
 - j. Life insurance premium paid \rightarrow Rs.10,000
 - k. Health Insurance Premium paid by cheque \rightarrow Rs.8,000
 - I. Donation to National Defence Fund by Cheque \rightarrow Rs.5,000 (10 x 3 = 30)