Reg.	No	Name:	Q.	Code:	P108

M COM DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2014 -15 SEMESTER -1: COMMERCE

COURSE CODE: P1COMT01 - TITLE: ADVANCED FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING - 1

Time: Three Hours Max Marks:75

Section- A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 2 marks

- 1. What do you mean by amalgamation in the nature of merger?
- 2. Why companies resort to internal reconstruction?
- 3. What do you mean by alteration of share capital?
- 4. Briefly explain 'Deficiency Account?
- 5. Name any four 'Accounting Standards' mentioned in the 'IFRS'
- 6. Define 'Goodwill'
- 7. What do you mean by cross holdings?
- 8. Explain Human Resource Accounting
- 9. When will you say that a man insolvent?
- 10. What do you mean by 'intrinsic value' of shares?

 $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ Marks})$

Section-B

Answer **any five** questions. Each question carries five marks

- 11.Briefly explain external reconstruction of companies and also mention the provisions Contained in the relevant Accounting Standards.
- 12. Who are dissenting shareholders? How are they treated on reconstruction?
- 13. What do you mean by Statement of Affairs and state the various lists attached to it.
- 14. Explain Valuation of Shares, state its objectives and methods
- 15. What do you mean by alteration of share capital? What are the methods of altering Share Capital? And give journal entries.
- 16. The following is the Balance Sheet of J Engineering Ltd as on 31st March 2010:

Liabilitie	S	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
1,50,000	Equity	15,00,0	Land and Buildings	23,00,000

Shares of Rs. 10 each,	00	Furniture, Fixtures	3,90,000
fully paid up		and Fittings	
		Stock	8,30,000
2,00,000 Equity	12,00,0	Debtors	4,10,000
Shares of Rs 10 each	00	Cash and Bank	1,20,000
Rs. 6 paid up		Profit and Loss A/c	13,00,000
60,000 12%	6,00,00		
Cumulative	0		
Preference Shares of			
Rs. 10 each, fully paid			
up			
	14,00,0		
Long term secured	00		
loan	6,50,00		
Sundry Creditors	0		
Tatal	F2 F6	Tabal	F2 F0 60
Total	53,50,	Total	53,50,00
	000		0

The current value of land and buildings is Rs. 30, 00,000 and that of furniture, fixtures and fittings is Rs. 2, 50,000. Stock is valued at Rs. 9, 11,000. Debtors are expected to realise only 90% of their book value. You are informed that preference dividend has not been paid for the last five years. Calculate the intrinsic value per equity share by the net assets method.

- **17.** The following particulars are available in respect of the business of Lucky Ltd:
 - i) Profits earned for the years: 2007-2008:Rs.5, 00,000, 2008-2009: Rs.6, 00,000 and 2009-2010: Rs.5, 50,000.
 - ii) Normal rate of return 10%
 - iii) Capital employed Rs. 30, 00,000
 - iv) Present value of an annuity of one rupee for five years at 10% is 3.78

v) The profits included non-recurring profit on an average basis of Rs. 30,000 a year.

You are required to calculate the value of goodwill of the company:

- a) As per five years purchase of super profits
- b) As per capitalisation of super profits method and (c) As per annuity method.
- **18.** The Balance sheet of A ltd is as follows:

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Share Capital	6,00,00	Goodwill	70,000
(6000 shares @	0	Plant and Machinery	4,60,000
Rs.100 each fully		Furniture and	1,02,000
paid)		Fittings	4,36,000
General Reserve	2,50,00	Stock	1,34,000
P&L Appropriation A/c	0	Debtors	23,000
Bills Payable	80,000	Cash and Bank	20,000
Sundry Creditors	70,000	Preliminary	
	2,45,00	Expenses	
	0		
Total	12,45,	Total	12,45,00
	000		0

B Ltd purchases the business of A Ltd. Goodwill is valued at Rs 2, 00,000, Stock is valued at Rs.4, 16,000 and other assets are considered worth their book values. B Ltd does not take over Cash and bank balances. The consideration is to be discharged in the form of 90000 fully paid equity shares of Rs. 10 each valued at par and the balance in cash. Calculate the amount of Purchase consideration and its break up.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25 \text{ Marks})$

Section- C

Answer **any two** questions. Each question carries fifteen marks

19. Briefly Explain 'Human Resource Accounting', its objectives, methods of valuation, advantages, disadvantages and also comment upon its applicability in India.

20. 'A Ltd' agreed to acquire the business of 'E Ltd' as on 31st March 2011. The Balance Sheet of 'E ltd' as on that date was as follows.

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Paid up capital:	1,00,000	Fixed Assets:	
10000 6% preference		Land and Building	2,00,000
Shares of Rs.10 each		Machineries	1,00,000
20000 Equity Shares	2,00,000	Current Assets:	
Rs.10 each		Stock	2,00,000
		Debtors	50,000
		Cash and Bank	35,000
		Balances	
Reserve	20,000		
Profit and Loss	30,000	Miscellaneous	
Account	1,00,000	Expenditures:	10,000
7% Debentures	1,50,000	Preliminary Expenses	5,000
Sundry Creditors		Debentures Discount	
Total	6,00,000	Total	6,00,000

The consideration payable by 'A Ltd' was agreed as under:

- a) The preference Shareholders of 'E Ltd' were to be allotted 8% Preference Shares of Rs. 1,10,000/-
- b) Equity Shareholders to be allotted six equity shares of Rs.10 each issued at a premium of 10% and Rs.3 cash against every five shares held.
- c) 7% Debentures of 'E Ltd' to be taken over by the transferee company.

While arriving at the agreed consideration the directors of 'A Ltd' value Land and Buildings at Rs. 2, 50,000; Stock at Rs. 2, 20,000 and debtors at their book value subject to an allowance of 4% to cover doubtful debts.

Debtors of 'E Ltd' included Rs. 10,000 due from 'A Ltd'. The Stocks of 'E Ltd' include item valued at Rs, 60,000 purchased from 'A Ltd' (Cost to 'A Ltd' Rs. 45,000). The machineries were valued at book value.

It was agreed that before acquisition 'E Ltd' will pay dividend at 10% on Equity Shares and will retain Rs. 5000 for liquidation expenses.

- a) Draft journal entries and prepare necessary accounts to close the books of 'E Ltd' and
- b) Make journal entries and prepare Balance Sheet in the books of A Ltd to record acquisition.

21. The Balance Sheet of A Co. Ltd as on 31.03.2011 is as follows:

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Share Capital: 2000 6%	2,00,00	Freehold property	350000
Cumulative Preference	0	Plant	50000
Shares of Rs. 100 each		Trade Investments (At	60000
fully paid up.		cost)	
75,000 Equity Shares of	7,50,00	Stock	200,00
Rs, 10 each fully paid	0	Debtors	0
up			4.00,00
			0
6% Debentures		Deferred advertising	1,50,00
(Secured by Freehold		expenses	0
property) 375000	397500	Profit and loss Account	3,50,00
Accrued Interest			0
22500			
Directors Loan	200000		
Sundry Creditors	12500		
Total	15,60,	Total	15,60,
	000		000

The court approved a scheme of reorganisation to take effect on 01.04.2011 whereby:

- i) Preference Shares to be written down to Rs. 75 each and Equity Shares to Rs. 2 each.
- ii) Preference dividends in arrears for four years, 75% to be waived and equity shares of Rs. 2 each to be allotted for the remaining quarter.
- iii) Accrued interest on debentures is to be paid in cash

- iv) Debentures holders agreed to take over Freehold Property (Book Value Rs. 1, 50,000) at a valuation of Rs. 1, 50,000 in part repayment of their holdings and to provide additional Cash of Rs. 1, 30,000 secured by a floating charge on the Company's Assets at an interest rate of 10% pa.
- v) Deferred advertising expenses are to be written off
- vi) Stock to be written off fully
- vii) Rs. 2, 33,000 to be provided as bad debts
- viii) Remaining Freehold Property to be revalued at Rs.4, 00,000
- ix) Investments sold out for Rs. 1, 50,000
- x) In settlement of their loans, Directors are to accept Equity Shares of Rs. 2 each for 90% of their loans, waiving 10% of the balance of their loan amount.
- xi) Capital commitments contracts totalling Rs. 3, 00,000 are to be cancelled by payment of penalty @5% of contract value.
- xii) Taxation and Cost of Schemes are to be ignored

Show journal entries reflecting the effect of the above transactions (including cash transactions) and draw up the Balance Sheet after effecting the scheme.

22. A filed his petition on 31st March 2010 and his statement of affairs was composed of the following figures:

Creditors for goods	7000	Consignments s	5000
Loan from Mrs. A	5000	Considered good Shares (estimated to	15000
Bills Payable	5000	realise Rs.16000) Stock (estimated to	60000
Creditors secured by a lien	4000	realise Rs.40000) Cash at Bankers	100
on shares Creditors secured by a lien	0 1500	Bills of Exchange	1400
on stock Liability on Bills	7000	Mill (Estimated to realise	20000
Discounted (estimated to		Rs. 11,000)	
rank Rs. 3000) Mortgage on Mill	1000	Machinery (Estimated to	15000
	0	realise Rs. 12000)	

Creditors Payable in full	3000	Fixtures (estimated to	3000
Book Debts - Good	2000	realise Rs.1500) Cottages (estimated to	6800
Book Debts doubtful and	0 1000	realise Rs.3000)	
bad (estimated to produce	0		
Rs. 2000)			

On 1st April, six years ago, he had a capital of Rs. 50,000. Profits were made totalling Rs. 45,500 in the first four years and losses were incurred totalling Rs. 25000 in the last two years after allowing Rs. 2500 per year interest on capital. Withdrawals amounted to Rs. 77,200. Prepare Statement of Affairs and Deficiency Account.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$
