Reg. No	Name	16U219
B. Sc. DEGREE EN	ND SEMESTER EXAMINATION MARCH 20	017
SEMESTER – 2:	COMPUTER APPLICATION (CORE COURSE)	
COURSE: 15U	J2CRCAP4 –: DATA STRUCTURE USING 'C'	
(Common for Regular	2016 admission and Supplementary 2015 admi	ission)
Time: Three Hours		Max. Marks: 75
	PART A	
Answer <i>all</i>	questions. Each question carries 1 mark.	
1. Define data structure?		
2. What is TOP of a stack?		
3. FIFO means		
4. What is polish notation?		
5. What is a sparse matrix?		
6. What is the complexity of bubble	e sort technique?	
7. What is a dynamic data structure	e?	
8. How can you represent elements	s of a multidimensional array?	
9. What is a node?		
10. What is a file?		(1 x 10 = 10)
PART B		
Answer <i>any eig</i>	ght questions. Each question carries 2 marks.	
11. What is garbage collection?		
12. What is meant by sorting?		
13. Evaluate the postfix expression F	P: 2, 3, 10, 5, -, *,5 , /, +.	
14. What is a circular list?		
15. Explain preorder traversal with a	an example.	
16. Differentiate stacks and queue.		
17. What is a skewed binary tree?		
18. What are the methods available	in storing sequential files?	

19. What is a doubly linked list?

20. Which is the data structure used to perform recursion?

21. What is a strictly binary tree?

22. What is a sequential file?

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

PART C

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 23. Write an algorithm to perform bubble sort.
- 24. Write the procedure for binary search.
- 25. List out few of the applications of tree data structures.
- 26. Write short note on linear data structures.
- 27. Explain the linked organization of file.
- 28. Explain the operations in a circular queue.
- 29. Explain the creation of a binary search tree with an example.
- 30. Write a program to insert an element at the end of a linked list.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

PART D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 12 marks.

- 31. Explain in detail the applications of stack.
- 32. Write the algorithm for selection sort technique. Perform a trace for the same algorithm on the list L: {30, 78, 28, 17, 60, 15, 34, 56, 80, 19,20}
- 33. Explain in detail the different tree traversals with example.
- 34. Write a program to implement doubly linked list.

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$
