SEMESTER – 3: STATISTICS (CORE COURSE)

COURSE: 15U3CRCST3-15U3CPSTA3, PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

(For Regular - 2017 Admission and Supplementary / Improvement 2016 & 2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

 $(1 \times 8 = 8)$

Use of Scientific calculators and Statistical tables permitted

PART A

Answer **all** the questions, each question carries one mark

- 1. Define raw and central moments.
- 2. Give any one method for deriving raw moments from moment generating function.
- 3. Let X denotes the number of white balls when 6 balls are drawn with replacement from a bag containing

6 white and 4 red balls. Give the distribution of *X* with parameter values.

- 4. What do you mean by Lack of Memory Property (LMP).
- 5. Distinguish between Statistic and Parameter.
- 6. Define Standard error.
- 7. Define convergence in probability.
- 8. What is the relation between an exponential distribution and a gamma distribution?
- 9. If X follows a normal distribution with mean μ and variance σ^2 , then μ_6 is.
- 10. Define conditional expectation.

PART B

Each question carries three marks. Maximum marks from this part is 15

- 11. State and prove Cauchy Schwartz inequality.
- 12. State and prove the additive property of Binomial distribution
- 13. Let X be a continuous random variable with distribution function F(x), $x \in R$. Derive the density function of the random variable Y = F(x)
- 14. If X follows a uniform distribution in (4, 6), find P(|X 4| < 1)
- 15. Let X_1 , X_2 , ..., X_7 and Y_1 , Y_2 , ..., Y_8 be independent samples from normal populations with means 8, 12 and variances 14 and 16 respectively. Find, $P[X - \overline{Y} \ge 0]$ Where X and \overline{Y} are the sample means.
- 16. Let *F* be a random variable following F-distribution with degress of freedom 8 and 12.

Then find the values of *a* and *b* in the following cases

(a) $P(F \le a) = 0.05$ (b) $P(F \le b) = 0.99$

17. Assume X is a normal random variable with mean 12 and variance 25 such that $P(X > k_1) = 0.68$ and $P(k_1 < X < k_2) = 0.32$. Find the values of the constants K_1 and K_2 .

PART C

Each question carries five marks. Maximum marks from this part is 20

- 18. If X and Y are independent variables following geometric distribution with parameter p, find the conditional distribution of X given X + Y.
- 19. Let *X* be a random variable with probability density function.

 $f(x) = \begin{cases} \lambda e &, x \ge 0\\ O, \text{ Otherwise} \end{cases}$

Find the moment generating function and hence find the mean and the variance.

- 20. If x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{100} is a random sample of size 100 taken from a poisson distribution with mean 4 find P (X > 3.8) where X is the sample mean.
- 21. Obtain the moment generating function of a normal random variable with mean μ and variance σ^2
- 22. If $X \sim N(0,1)$, show that distribution of X^2 is gamma.
- 23. Distinguish between beta distribution of the first kind and beta distribution of the second kind.

PART D

Each question carries ten marks. Maximum marks from this part is 30

- 24. (a) State and Prove the Tchebycheff's Inequality
 - (b) Let X be a discrete random variable assuming values -3, -1, 1, 6, 7 with equal probability. Find the lower bound to $P(|X - 2| \le 2)$. Also find the actual probability.
- 25. Let the random vector (X,Y) has the joint density given by f(x, y) = kxy, 0 < x < y < 20. Otherwise

- (a) Find the constant k
- (b) Find the Covariance between the variables X and Y
- 26. Fit a Poisson distribution to the following data :

X :	0	1	2	3	4
f:	120	60	12	6	2

27. Explain the important methods of sampling. What are their advantages and disadvantages?
