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Re	eg. No Name	5
	B. A. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - OCTOBER 2019	
	SEMESTER -5: ECONOMICS (CORE COURSE)	
	COURSE: 15U5CRECO09: INDIAN ECONOMY	
	(Common for Regular 2017 admission & Supplementary/Improvement 2016/2015 Admissions)	
Tim	ne: Three Hours Max. Marks: 7	5
	PART A	_
	Answer all questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 1 mark.	
1.	Over Population	
	Female-Male Ratio	
3.	Zamindar	
4.	Economic Drain	
5.	Literacy	
6.	Density of Population	
7.	Maternal Mortality rate	
8.	Disinvestment	
9.	Globalization	
10.	Population dividend $(1 \times 10 = 10)$)
	PART B	
	Answer any eight of the following in three or four sentences.	
	Each question carries 2 marks.	
11.	Occupational Distribution in India	
12.	NITI Aayog	
13.	Gender Inequality	
14.	Disguised Unemployment	
15.	Capital deficiency in India	
16.	Monopolistic and Restrictive Trade Practices Act.	
	Age Composition	
10	Cross Demostic Conital Formation	

- 18. Gross Domestic Capital Formation
- 19. Inflation in India
- 20. Problems of overpopulation

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

PART C

Answer **any five** of the following in not more than one page. Each question carries **5** marks.

- 21. Write a note on Villages and Towns in India in the Pre Colonial period.
- 22. Explain the achievements and failures of Indian five year plans.
- 23. Discuss the Rural-Urban migration in India.

 $(5 \times 5 = 25)$

- 24. Briefly explain micro finance and its significance in India.
- 25. Write a note on the India as an emerging economy.
- 26. Comment on the black money and corruption in India.
- 27. Discuss the importance of infrastructure in India's economic development.

PART D

Answer **any two** of the following in not exceeding four pages.

Each question carries 12 marks.

- 28. Explain the various aspects of Indian economy during the British period.
- 29. Discuss the causes and consequences of Liberalization, privatization and globalization in the Indian Economy.
- 30. Explain the demographic features of the India economy.
- 31. Explain the magnitude of Poverty and Inequality in India. (12 x 2 = 24)
