

M.SC DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION OCTOBER 2016**SEMESTER - 3: MATHEMATICS****COURSE: P3MATT15- OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES**

Common for Regular (2015 Admission) & Supplementary / Improvement (2014 Admission)

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION A

Answer **any five** questions. Each question carries 2 marks

1. Differentiate between an ILPP and an MILPP
2. Formulate the following knapsack problem as an ILP
 "There are n objects $j=1,2,\dots,n$, whose weights are w_j and values are v_j . They have to be chosen and to be packed in a knapsack so that the total value of the objects chosen is maximum subject to the total weight not exceeding W ".
3. In sensitivity analysis briefly explain the response to the addition of new variables.
4. Introduce the problem of maximum potential difference.
5. Explain
 - i) a two person zero sum game
 - ii) a pay off matrix
 - iii) saddle point of a matrix game
6. Distinguish between a game of chance and a game of strategy with examples.
7. Define convex and concave functions. Explain with the help of a graph.
8. What do you understand by a complementary problem?

(2 x 5 = 10)

SECTION B

Answer **any five** questions. Each question carries 5 marks

9. Explain the branch and bound algorithm to solve an ILPP
10. What is 0-1 variable problem and mention the different cases? Formulate the following problem into a 0-1 variable problem
 "Maximise $2x_1+5x_2$
 Subject to
 $0 \leq x_1 \leq 8, 0 \leq x_2 \leq 8$ and either $4-x_1 \geq 0$ or $4-x_2 \geq 0$ "

11. Find the maximum potential difference x_{14} between v_1 and v_4 with the following data

subject to the condition that $x_{jk} \leq c_{jk}$

v	1	2	3	4		
u	(1,2)	(1,3)	(2,3)	(2,4)	(3,4)	(1,4)

12. Prove that the maximum flow in a network is equal to the minimum of the capacities of all possible cuts in it.

13. The pay off matrix of a game is given below. Write the corresponding linear programming problem.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 3 & 5 & -3 \\ 6 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

14. Solve the following game graphically. The pay off matrix for player A is

		B			
		1	2	3	4
A	1	19	15	17	16
	2	0	20	15	5

15. Minimise $f(x)=3x^4+(x-1)^2$, $0 \leq x \leq 4$ using golden section search with a resolution of $\epsilon=0.10$

16. Explain the complementary pivot algorithm to solve a complementary problem.

(5 x 5 = 25)

SECTION C

Answer either **A or B** of each question. Each question carries 10 marks

17. A) Explain cutting plane algorithm to solve an ILPP.

B) Solve by branch and bound method

Minimise $4x_1+5x_2$

Subject to $3x_1+x_2 \geq 2$

$x_1+4x_2 \geq 5$

$3x_1+2x_2 \geq 7$

$x_1, x_2 \geq 0$

18. A) Tasks A,B,C,.....H,I constitute a project. The notation $X < Y$ means that the task X is to be

finished to begin Y. With this $A < D, A < E, B < F, D < F, C < G, C < H, F < I, G < I$

The time in days of completion of each task is as follows.

Task	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Capacity	8	10	7	9	16	7	8	14	9

Draw a graph to represent the sequence of tasks and find the minimum time of completion of the project.

B) What is maximum flow in a network? Give an algorithm to find maximum flow

19. A) State and prove the necessary and sufficient condition for the existence of a saddle

point (X_0, Y_0) of $F(X, Y)$

B) State and prove the fundamental theorem of rectangular games

20. A) Using the Kuhn-Tucker conditions solve

Minimise $f(x) = x_1^2 - x_2$

Subject to

$$x_1 + x_2 = 6$$

$$x_1 \geq 1$$

$$x_1^2 + x_2^2 \leq 26$$

B) Describe the Hooke and Jeeves search algorithm

(10 x 4 = 40)