

M. Sc. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION APRIL 2017

SEMESTER - 2: PHYSICS

COURSE: 15P2PHYT06; QUANTUM MECHANICS - I

(For Supplementary - 2015 Admission)

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

PART A

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 1 Mark

- The probability that x lies between x and $x+dx$ is $P(x)dx = a e^{-ax} dx$, where $a < x < \infty$ and $a > 0$. Then the probability that x lies between x_1 & x_2 ($x_2 > x_1$) is
 - $(e^{-ax_1} - e^{-ax_2})$
 - $a (e^{-ax_1} - e^{-ax_2})$
 - $e^{-ax_2} (e^{-ax_1} - e^{-ax_2})$
 - $\frac{a}{2} (e^{-2ax_1} - e^{-2ax_2})$
 - Given a wavefunction $\varphi(x) = \frac{N}{x^2 + \delta^2}$, where δ is a real constant. The normalization constant N is
 - $\sqrt{\frac{\delta^3}{\delta}}$
 - $\sqrt{\frac{2^3}{\delta}}$
 - $\sqrt{\frac{2}{\delta^3}}$
 - $\sqrt{\frac{\delta}{\delta^3}}$
 - For a harmonic oscillator with H the Hamiltonian operator and a^\dagger the creation operator, $[a^\dagger, H]$ is
 - $\hbar\omega a$
 - $\hbar\omega a^\dagger$
 - $-\hbar\omega a$
 - $-\hbar\omega a^\dagger$
 - L is angular momentum operator. Then $L \times L$ is
 - Zero
 - $i\hbar L$
 - L_x
 - L_y
 - Electrons have half integral spin and they obey
 - B-E statistics
 - F-D statistics
 - M-B statistics
 - Neither of the above
- (1 x 5 = 5)

PART B

Answer **any five** questions, each question carries 2 Marks

- Show that the eigenvalues of a hermitian operator are real.
- Explain the time-energy uncertainty relation
- Why should time evolution operator be unitary
- State and explain Ehrenfest's theorem
- What are Pauli spin matrices
- What are Clebsch-Gordon coefficients
- Write down the condition under which we can apply the WKB approximation.
- Degeneracy is removed by perturbation. Explain.

PART C

Answer **any three** questions. Each question carries 4 Marks

14. The expectation value of an antiHermitian operator is purely imaginary. Prove.
15. Distinguish between Schrödinger and Heisenberg picture.
16. Evaluate a) $[J_{+i}, J_{-ii}]$ b) $[J_z, J_{+i}]$
17. What are connection formulae? How they are used in barrier penetration problem.
18. Explain Zeeman effect using first order perturbation theory.
(4 x 3 = 12)

PART D

Answer **all** questions. Each question carries 12 Marks

19. a) Calculate the expectation values of the operators x , x^2 , p and p^2 for a Gaussian wave packet.
OR
b) State and prove the properties of (1) Hermitian operator (2) Unitary operator
20. a) Explain "time evolution operator". Derive an expression for the operator
OR
b) Obtain the expression for energy levels of a harmonic oscillator
21. a) Calculate the angular momentum matrices for J^2 , J_z , J_x and J_y
OR
b) Derive the fundamental commutation relations of angular momentum.
22. a) Discuss normal Zeeman effect in hydrogen atom based on degenerate perturbation theory.
OR
b) Using stationary state perturbation theory, discuss the anharmonic oscillator problem in detail.
(12 x 4 = 48)
