M. A. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - MARCH 2020 SEMESTER 4 : SOCIOLOGY

COURSE: 15P4SOCT19: POPULATION AND SOCIETY

(For Regular - 2018 Admission & Supplementary 2017/2016/2015 Admissions)

Time: Three Hours Max. Marks: 75

Section A Answer any 8 (2 marks each)

- 1. What is the U.N Demographic Year Book?
- 2. What is sample registration system?
- 3. What are the components of population?
- 4. What are the three important sources of population data?
- 5. Define Fertility
- 6. Define Live birth
- 7. What do you mean by neonatal mortality rate?
- 8. What was Confucius view on population?
- 9. Explain neo malthusian theory
- 10. Define ASFR
- 11. What is spontaneous abortion?
- 12. Describe population projection

 $(2 \times 8 = 16)$

Section B Answer any 7 (5 marks each)

- 13. Define social Demography and state its importance
- 14. Explain Population Pyramid with a diagram
- 15. Analyse the fertility rate in India
- 16. Write a note on push and pull factors of migration
- 17. What can be the reasons for declining death rate in India?
- 18. Give an account on the idea of Confucius on Population
- 19. Explain any two criticisms of Optimum Theory of population
- 20. Explain how far Malthusian theory is true with reference to India
- 21. Explain various methods of family planning
- 22. State why the rate of population growth in India declining since 1981?

 $(5 \times 7 = 35)$

Section C Answer any 2 (12 marks each)

- 23. Give an account of Civil Registration in India
- 24. Distinguish between fertility and fecundity and explain its social significance
- 25. Expalin the applicability of the 'Theory of Demographic Transition' in developing countries of the world
- 26. What is meant by sex ratio? Make a comparison between sex ration in India and Kerala

 $(12 \times 2 = 24)$