Reg. No .... Name **18P251**

M. A. DEGREE END SEMESTER EXAMINATION - APRIL 2018
SEMESTER 2 : SOCIOLOGY
COURSE : **17P2SOCT09 ; SOCIOLOGY OF URBAN SOCIETY**
(Common for Regular - 2017 Admission & Supplementary - 2016 / 2015 Admissions)

Time : Three Hours   Max. Marks: 75

Section A
Answer any 8 (2 marks each)

1. Urban fringe
2. Lopsided urbanization
3. National Heritage City Development and Augmentation Yojana
4. Gesellschaft
5. Invasion–succession model in urban development
6. Centralization process in urban development
7. Political Economy
8. The Man-Nature Relationship - Patrick Geddes
9. Time and Space in Urbanisation - David Harvey
10. Water pollution
11. Industrial waste
12. Urban Housing Problems

(2 x 8 = 16)

Section B
Answer any 7 (5 marks each)

13. What are the major areas of study of Urban sociology?
14. Urbanisation in India has been relatively slow compared to many developing countries. What are the major causes of retardation?
15. What are the social significance of Rural - Urban ratio in population?
16. What are the main features of society based on mechanical solidarity?
17. Find out how Organic Solidarity dominates in an urban society. What are its causes?
18. Describe the socio cultural identities of Second generation imigrants in cities and mention their role in the cultural transitions of urban cores
19. Geddes viewed the city as a socio-spatial system for human life. Explain
20. What are the types of Cultural Capital identified by Pierre Bourdieu?
21. Give a description of the Displacement in India caused by mining projects
22. What is meant by Global warming? Identify its causes, effects and consequences. Offer suitable suggestions to reduce it

(5 x 7 = 35)

Section C
Answer any 2 (12 marks each)

23. What is the definition of Urban area in Census of India 2011? What are the classification of urban areas?

24. Define Urban Ecology. What are its forms? Describe the features, functions and poblems of Urban Social ecology

25. In the new "Network economy", according to Manuell Castells, Information becomes a key factor in economic productivity and capital. Explain

26. Poor sanitation is one of the most accurate indicators of urban health hazards. Explain with examples from our society

(12 x 2 = 24)